Propbot

PL-50 2022

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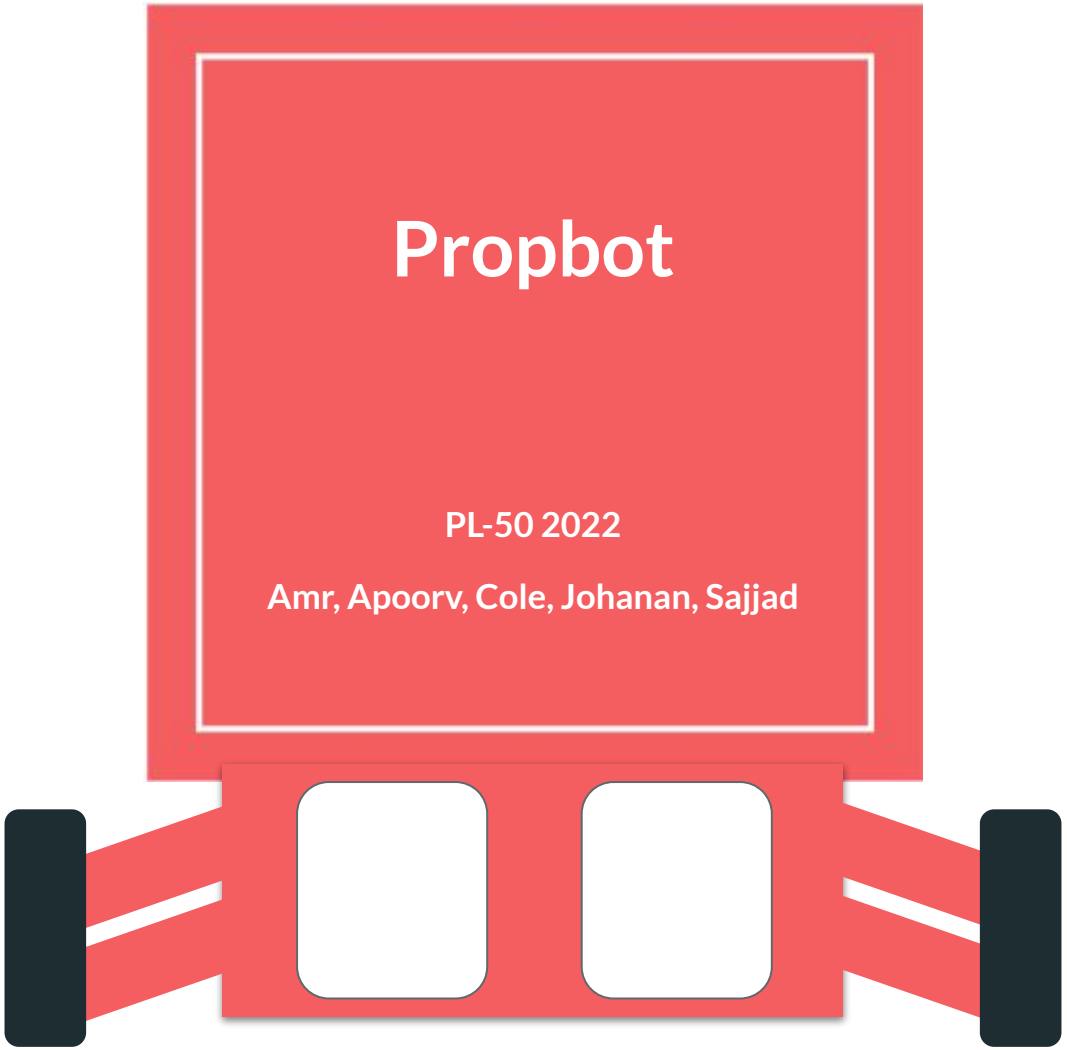


Overview

- Client Introduction
- Problems with data collection
- Goal
- Requirements/Constraints
- Stakeholders
- Solution
- Our contribution
- Engineering Design

Client

- Conducts research on next-generation wireless communications and radar systems
- Requires high-quality wireless propagation data at various locations on UBC campus
- Researchers have a background in electrical and computer design

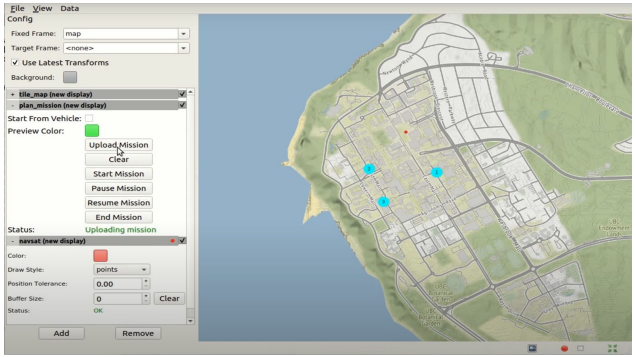
UBC Radio Science Lab

Problem with Data Collection

- No standardized commercially available solution
- RSL Researchers need to manually transport heavy and expensive equipment
- Tedious and time consuming
- Affects many researchers around the world

Goal

- Automate the process of collecting wireless propagation data
- Autonomously navigate to points of interest set by a user
- Traverse UBC campus safely without posing any risk to itself or the public



Stakeholders

Propbot's Initial State

2017 — Chassis Design and Construction

- Design and assembly of basic Propbot chassis
- Design choice of motors and drivers

2018 — Basic Integration

- Wiring and powering drivers
- Implementing basic loop operation

2019 — Capstone PL-116

- Autonomy system design and implementation
- Component specifications and recommendation

2020

2021 — Capstone PL-50

- Vehicle interface design and implementation
- Integrating hardware and software

2022

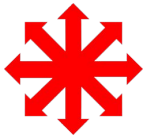
Constraints

- Mechanical Structure: chassis, suspension, rack module, hub motors

- Design recommendations: Ultrasonic sonar sensors, Depth camera, GPS module and LiDAR

- Autonomy Software: use of ROS framework for software (impacts how devices need to be interfaced), Move base for path planning.

Requirements



Motion: Execute longitudinal and rotational movements

Navigation: Facilitate motion commands from both a remote operator through RC and locally generated commands from the autonomous computer

Autonomy: Take a set of way points and autonomously generate a path of motion through the points that avoids obstacles

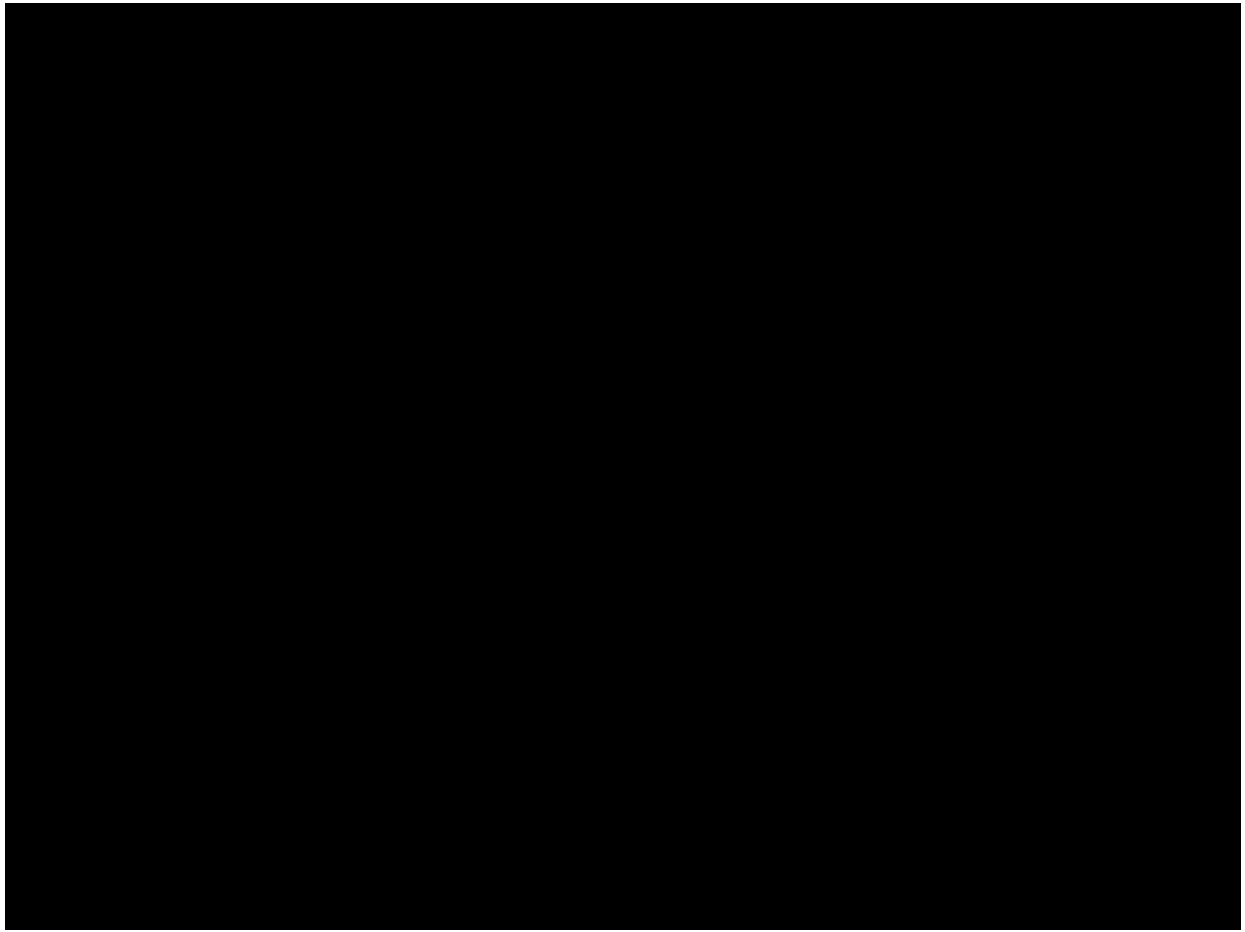
Safety: Must be safe and avoid/prevent collisions with objects and pedestrians

Design Principles

- **Safety:** Ensures safe operation for users and bystanders
- **Inheritable:** Future teams will not have to go through the same struggles we faced
- **Extendibility:** Features can be added without changing existing implementation
- **Testability:** Components and Features can be verified and validated according to known expectations

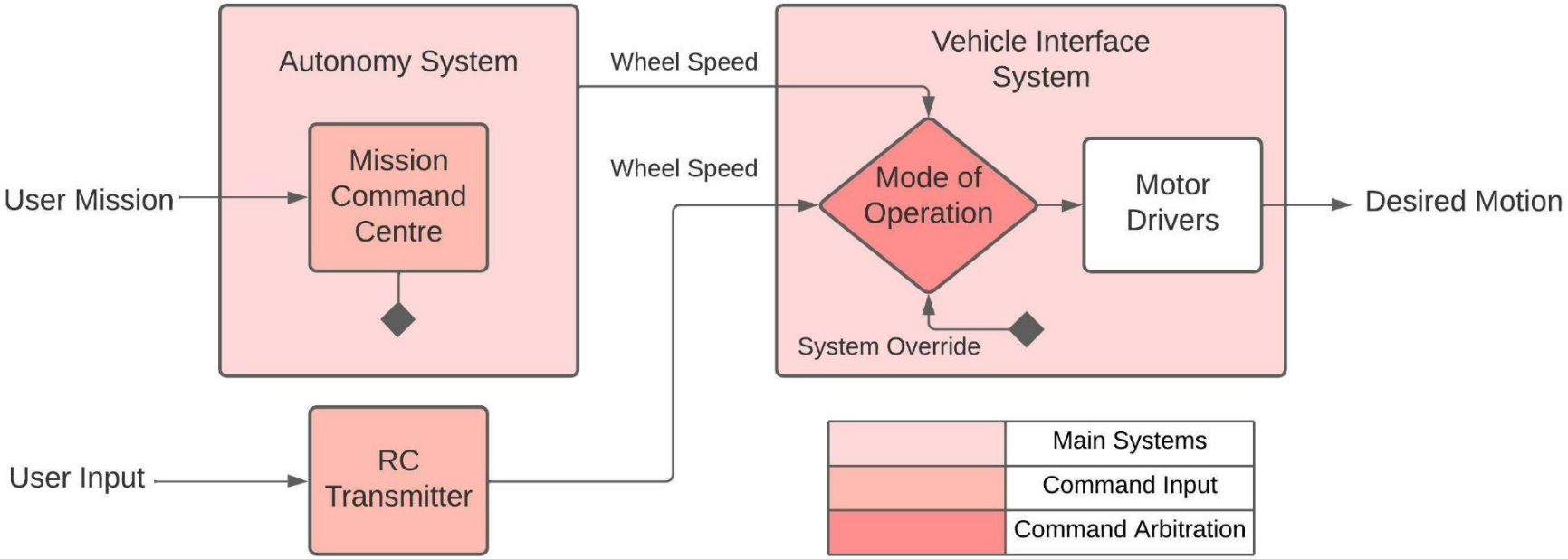
Our Contribution

- Safe and reliable teleoperation
- Autonomy system integration with sensor suite
- Robust power distribution system

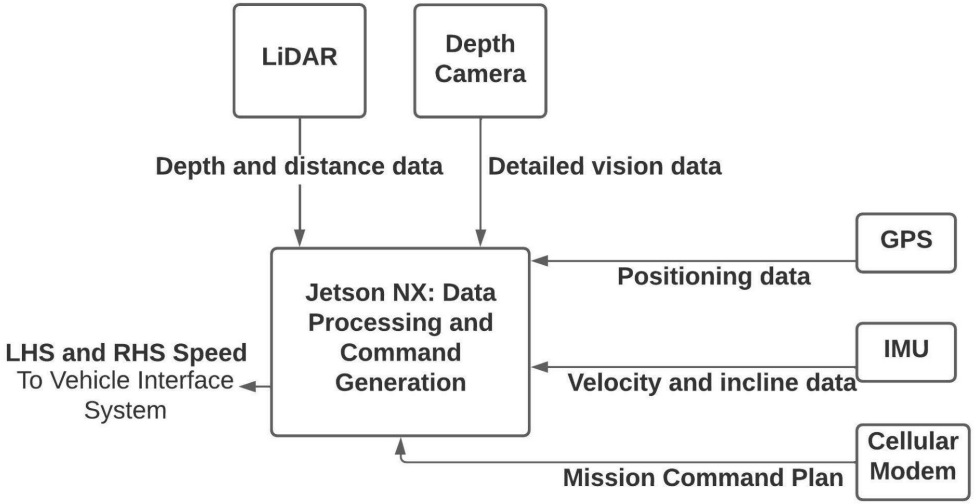


https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=06ADRLlokvQ

High-level System Overview



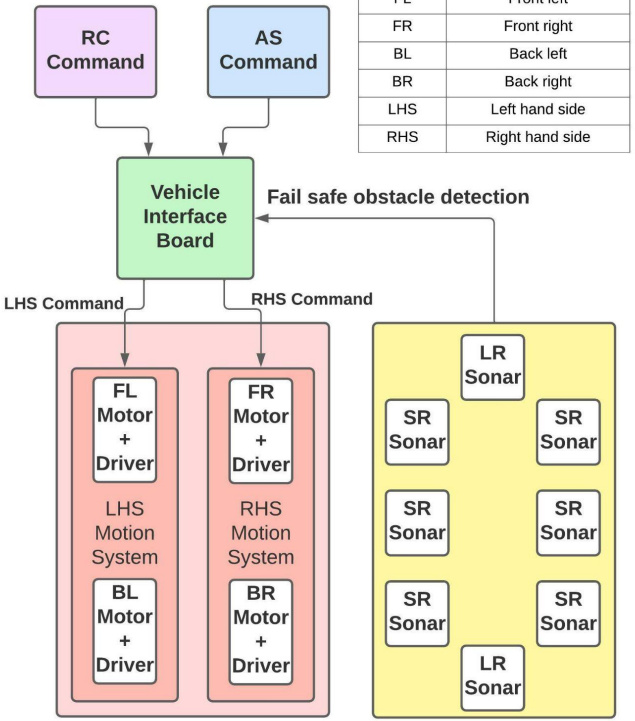
High-level Overview



Autonomy System Overview

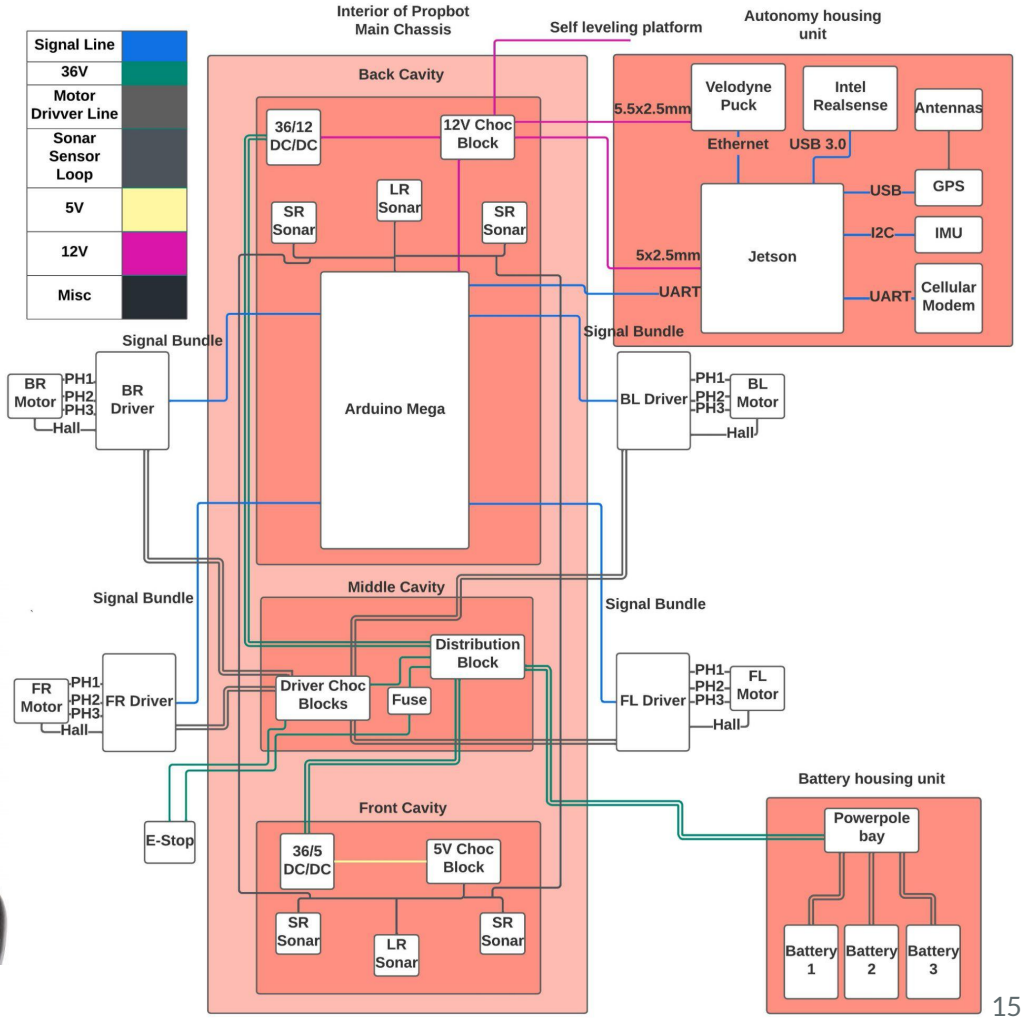
Vehicle Interface System Overview

Legend	Definition
	Remote Control
	Autonomy System
	Command Decision
	Fail Safe Object Detection
	Motor Control
LR	Long-range
SR	Short-range
FL	Front left
FR	Front right
BL	Back left
BR	Back right
LHS	Left hand side
RHS	Right hand side

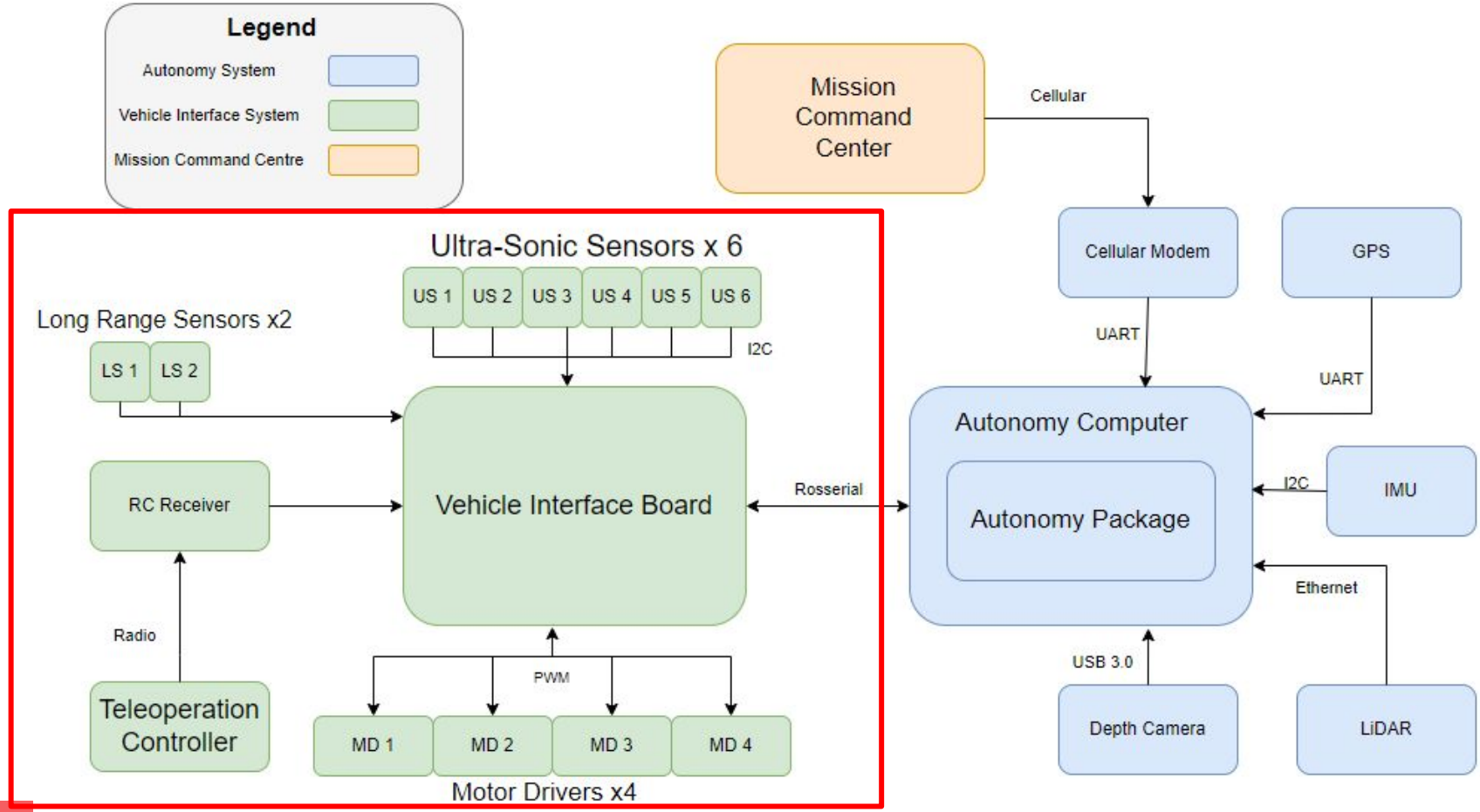


Power Management

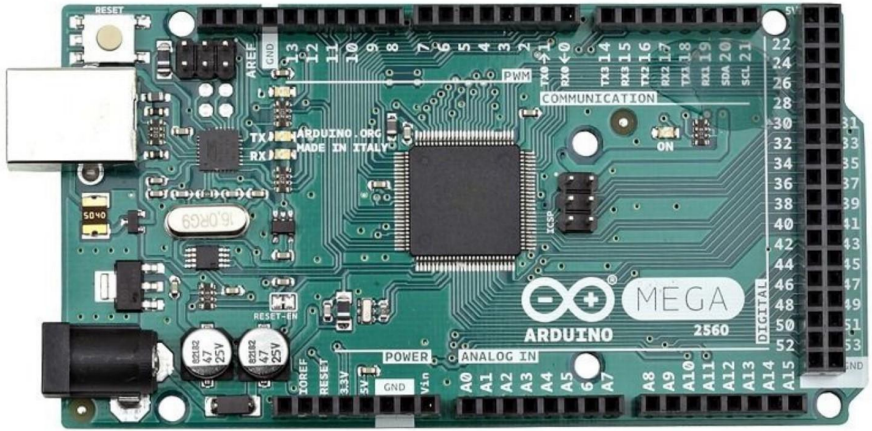
- Requirement is to provide the correct power to all components for at least 1.5hrs



Vehicle Interface System



Vehicle Interface Board



Functionality

- **Motor Control**: Propbot should be able to control the wheels
- **Teleoperation**: Propbot should be operable via RC transmitter
- **Obstacle Avoidance:** Propbot should have the capability to avoid obstacles

Motor Drivers

Roboteq SBL1360A (Proposed)

- Supports closed loop feedback, E-braking, CANBus
- Highly configurable via software and custom scripting

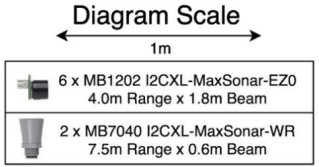
Generic motor controller (Legacy)

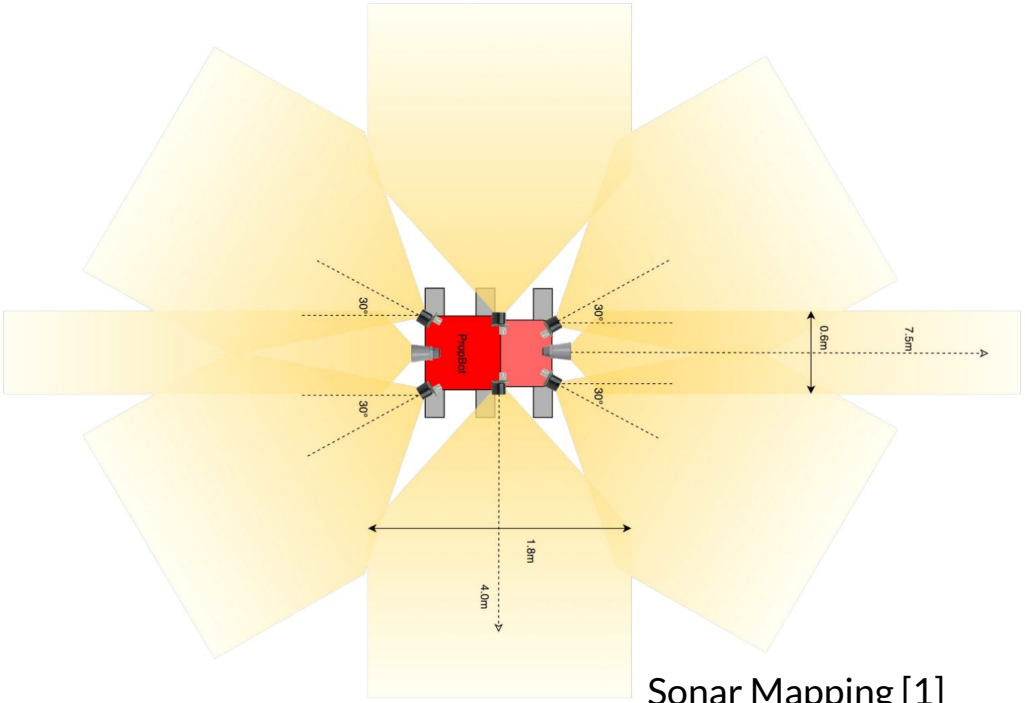
- Implemented as a risk mitigation step
- Supports basic speed, direction, and braking functionality
- Used for E-bikes with physical throttle but repurposed for Arduino PWM output using RC Filter

Sonar Sensors - Maxbotix MB1202/MB7040

MaxSonar MB1202
Wide beam, short distance

MaxSonar MB7040
Narrow beam, long distance





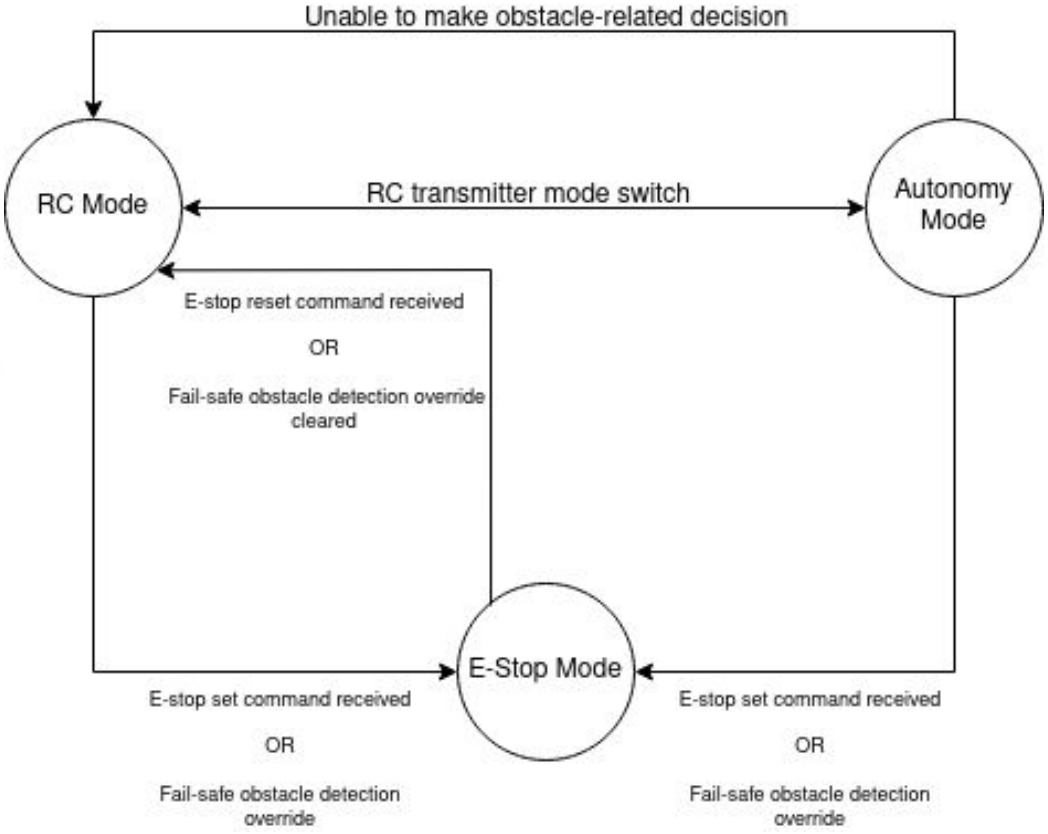
Sonar Mapping [1]

Sonar (Safety) Demo

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bj1LURdYbMI

Teleoperation Control

FlySky i6X Radio Transmitter



Teleoperation Demo

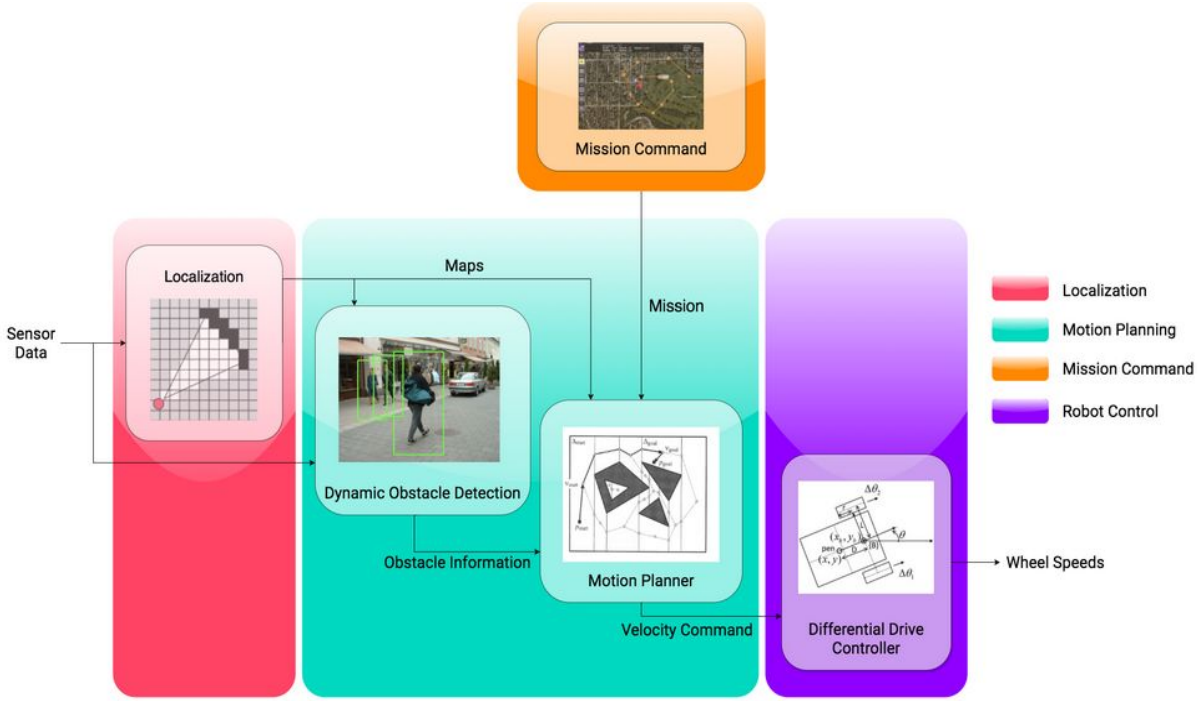
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AlADD6odR2I

Autonomy System

Requirements

- **Sensor Integration**: Interfaces with the sensors required to achieve localization and dynamic obstacle detection

- **Control**: Propbot should execute commands as issued by the Autonomy System



Autonomy Overview [1]

Autonomy System - Sensor Integration

Nvidia Jetson NX

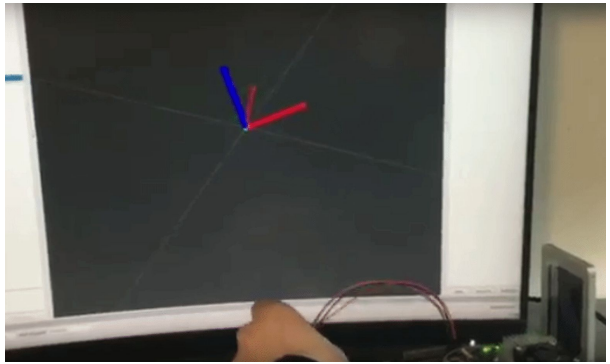
Sensor	Purpose	Communication Protocol
LiDAR: Velodyne Puck	Localization and Mapping, Navigation	Ethernet
GPS: Neo-M8P	Global Positioning, Navigation	Serial
IMU: BNo055	Localization	i2c
Depth Camera: Intel RealSense D435	Object Detection, Visual odometry (speed estimation)	Serial

Not Integrated

Integrated

Autonomy System - Sensor Integration

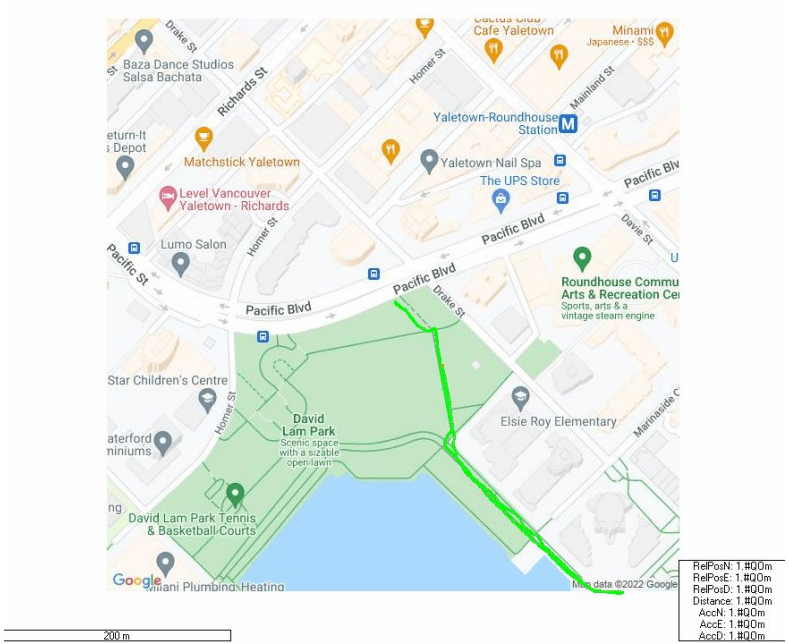
IMU



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TuYOaY9iNyU

Camera

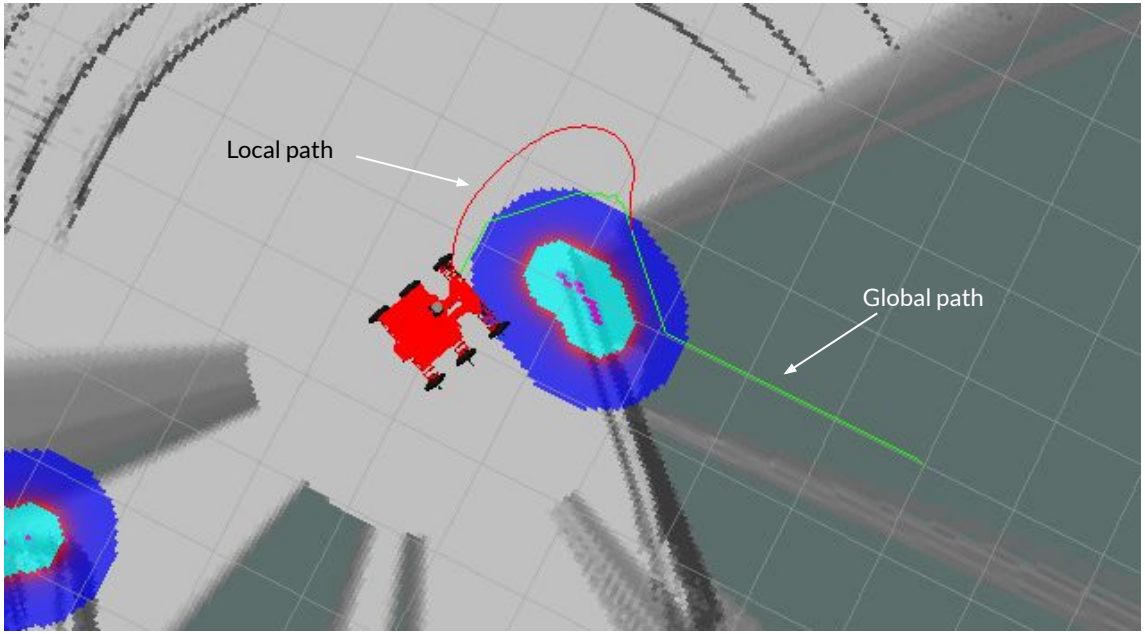
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m4SNWCZo97o

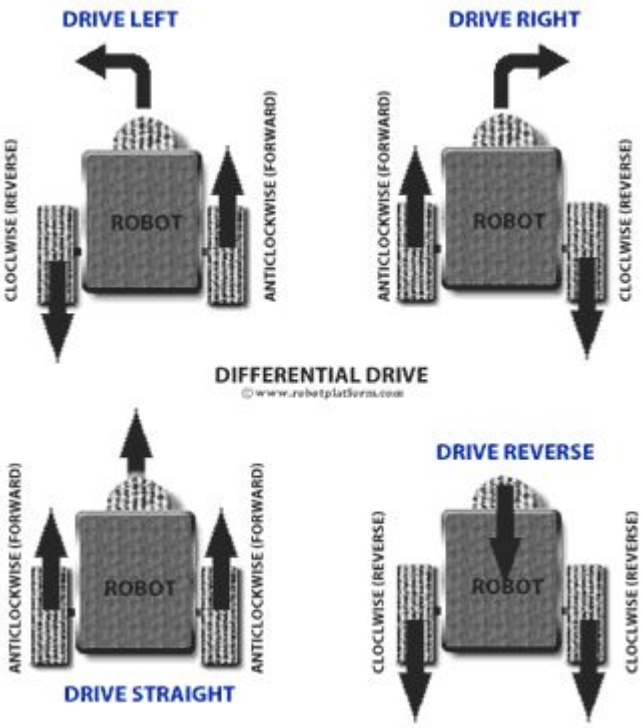


GPS

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uRIkpnUqnPM

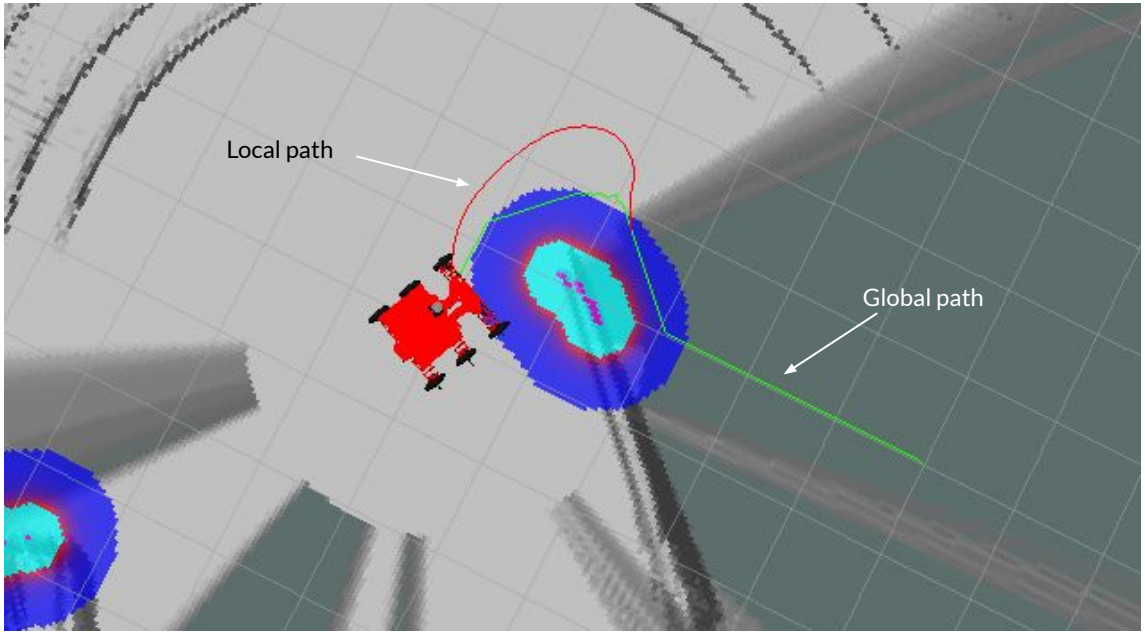
Autonomy System - Control

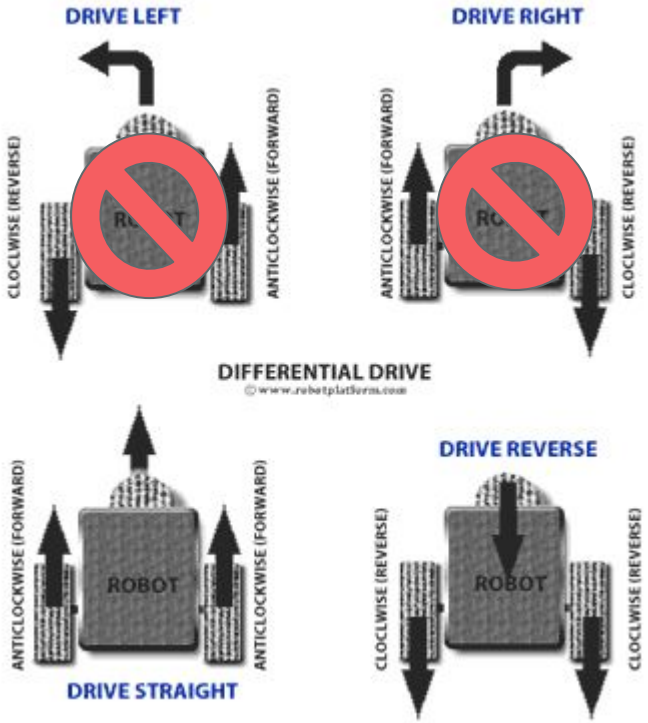




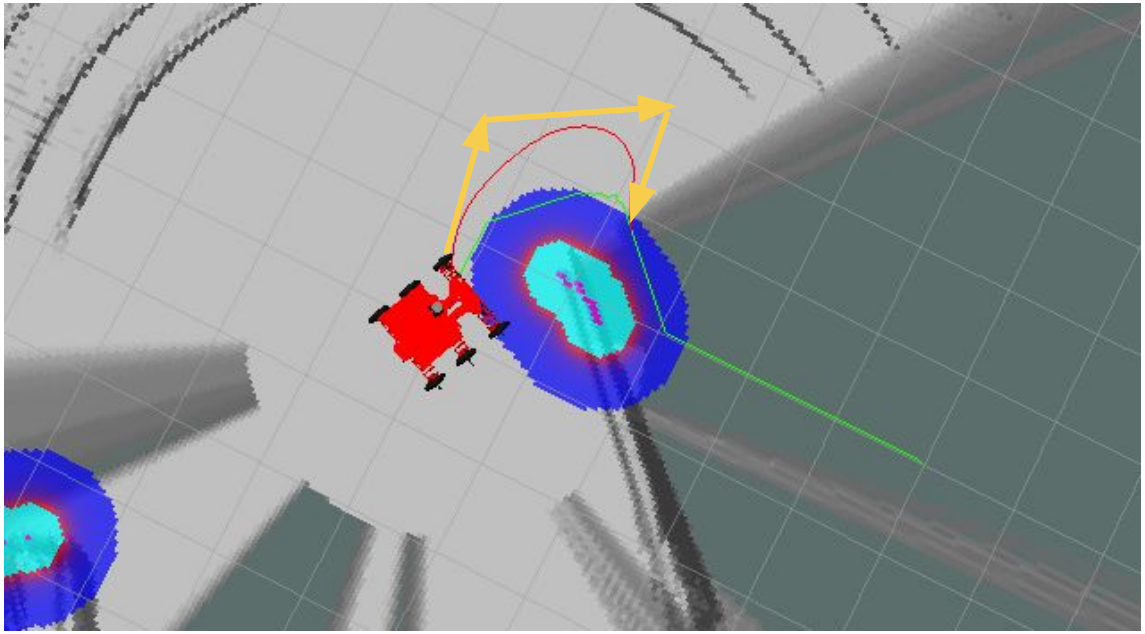
Differential Drive [1]

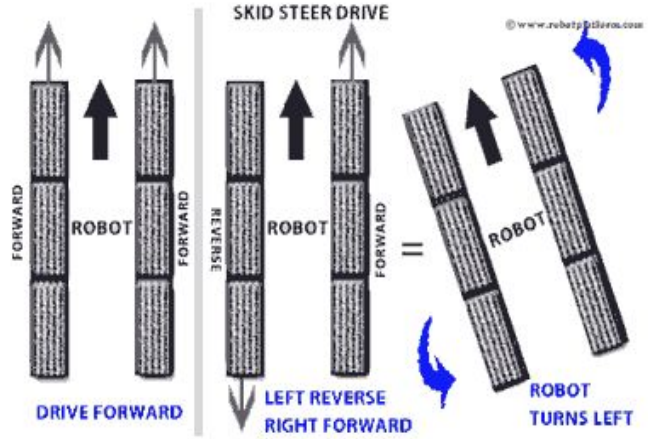
Autonomy System - Control





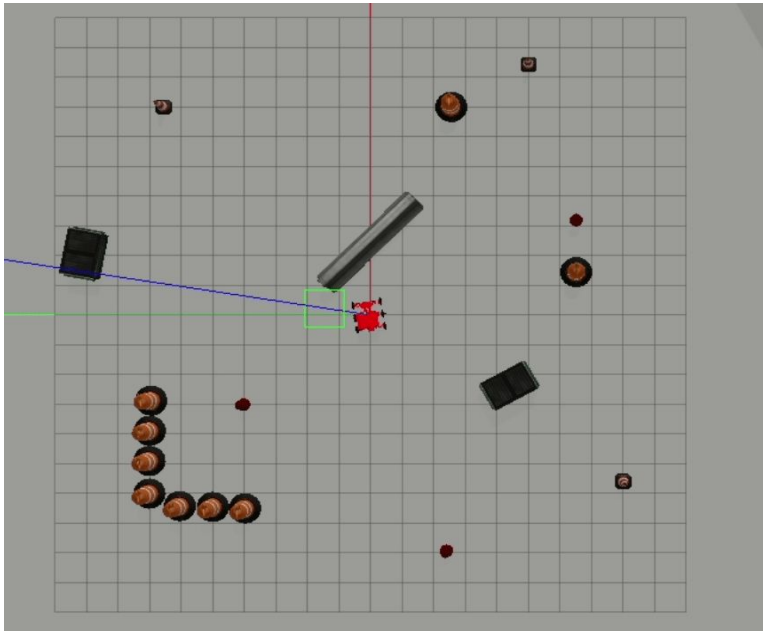
Autonomy System - Control





Skid Steer Drive [2]

Autonomy System - Comparing Drive Systems



Differential Drive

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gSyPa_sVO0w

Skid Steer Drive

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KRZztzgfEqc

Autonomy System - Integration

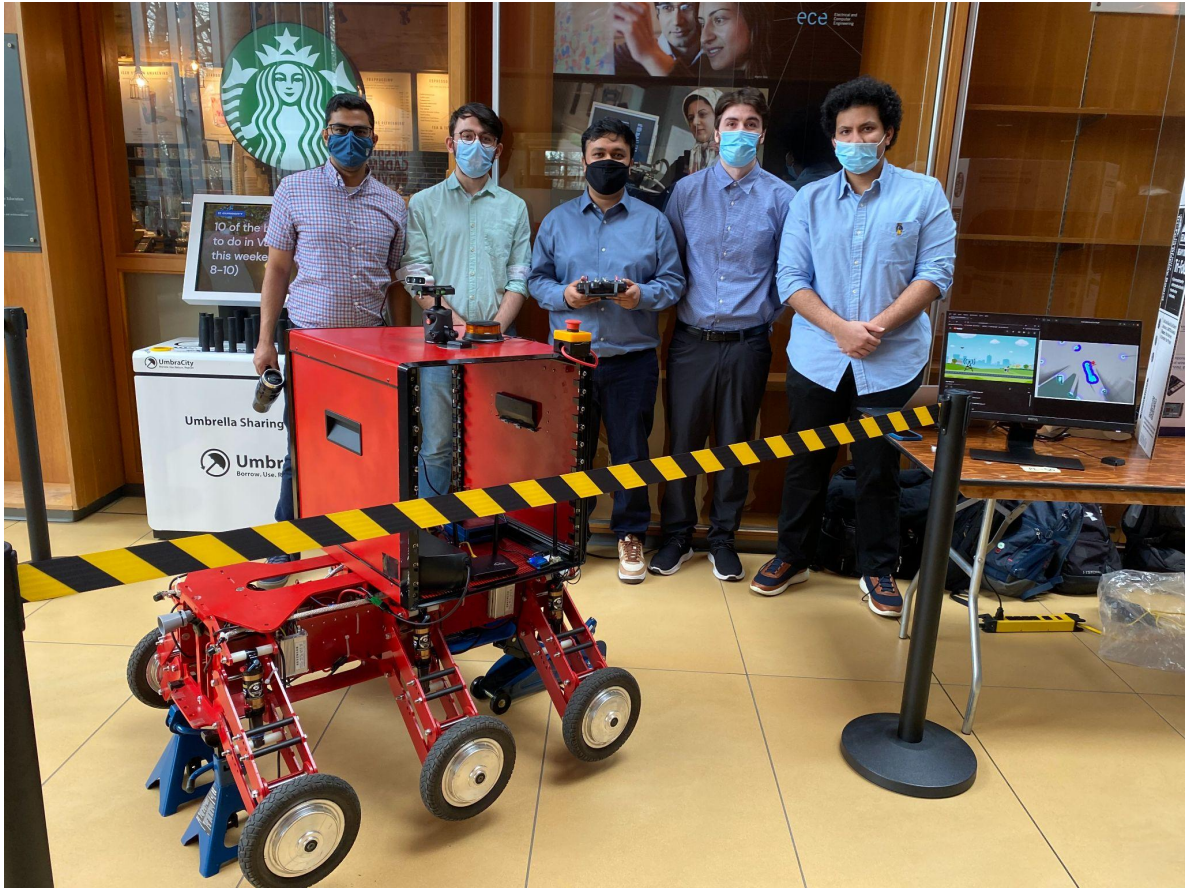
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fy8VR3S_pwQ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qEOlnOn-JPA

Future Work

- Complete integration of LiDAR sensor
- Add wheel encoder or hall sensor for speed feedback
- Fine tuning Autonomy System configurations based on sensor input
- 3D mounts for the existing sonar sensors
- Weatherproofing

Thank you



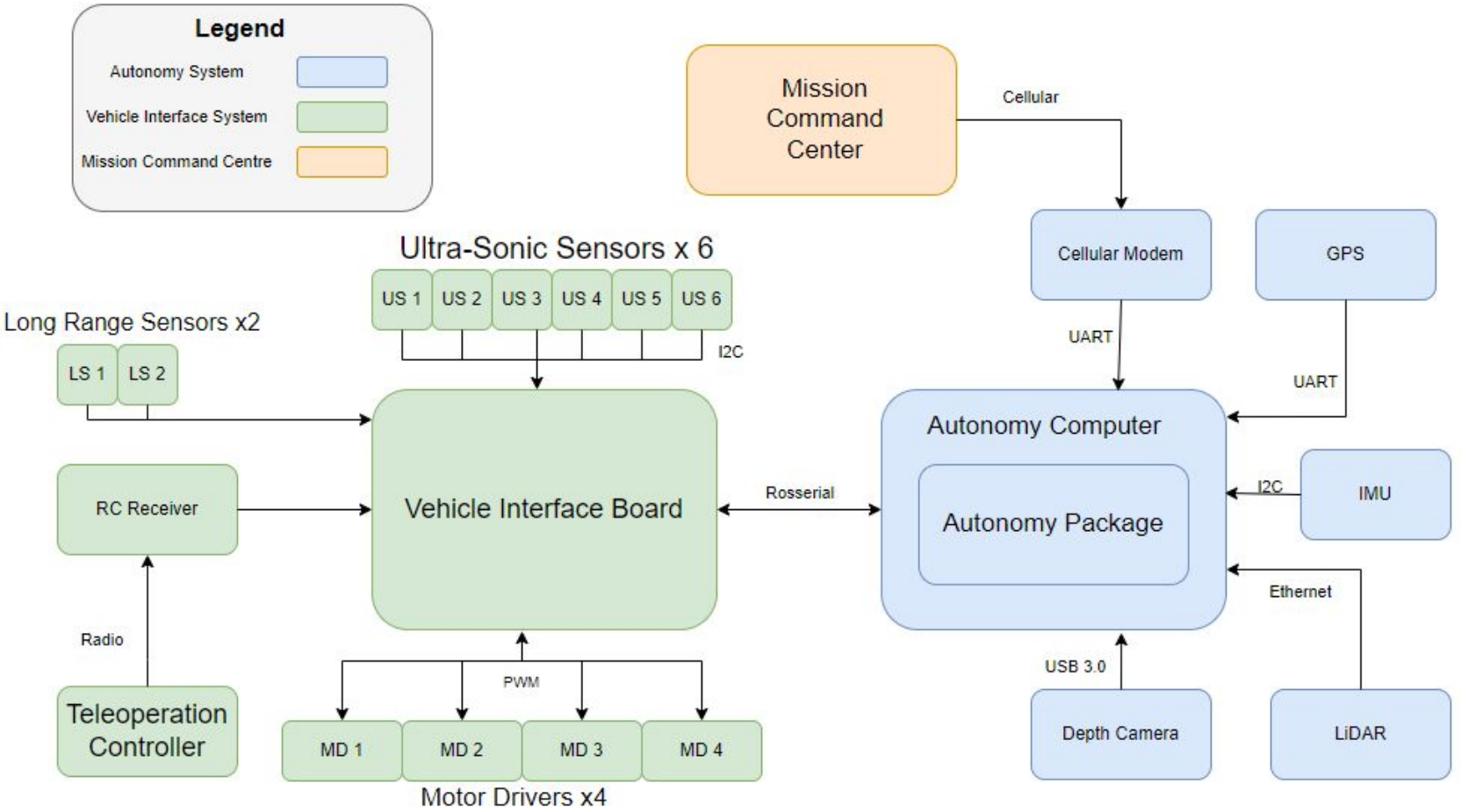
References

[1] hannahvsawiuk, “hannavsawiuk/Propbot” *GitHub*. [Online]. Available: https://github.com/hannahvsawiuk/Propbot/wiki/Software_Design. [Accessed: 29-Nov-2021].

[2] “Knowledge: Wheel control theory,” Robot Platform. [Online]. Available: http://www.robotplatform.com/knowledge/Classification_of_Robots/wheel_control_theory.html. [Accessed: 18-Apr-2022].

Appendix

Full System Overview



System Overview – Vehicle Interface

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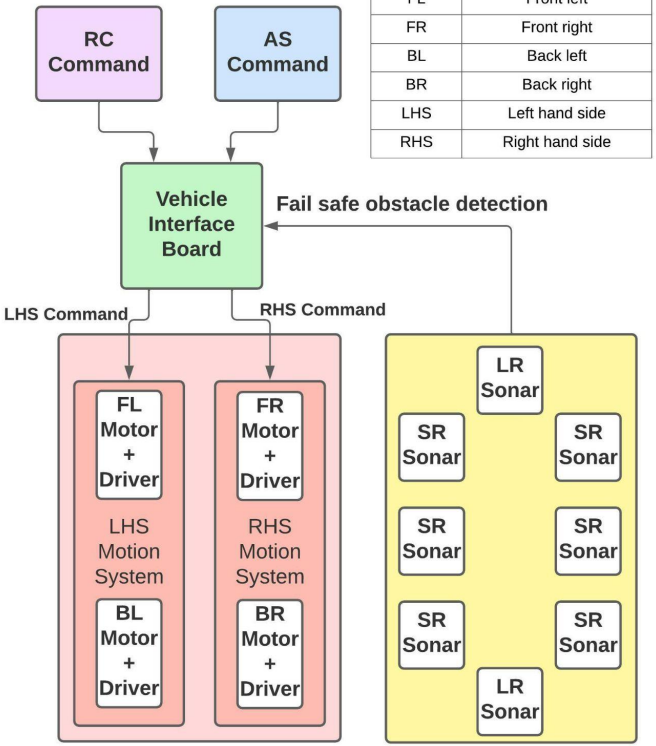
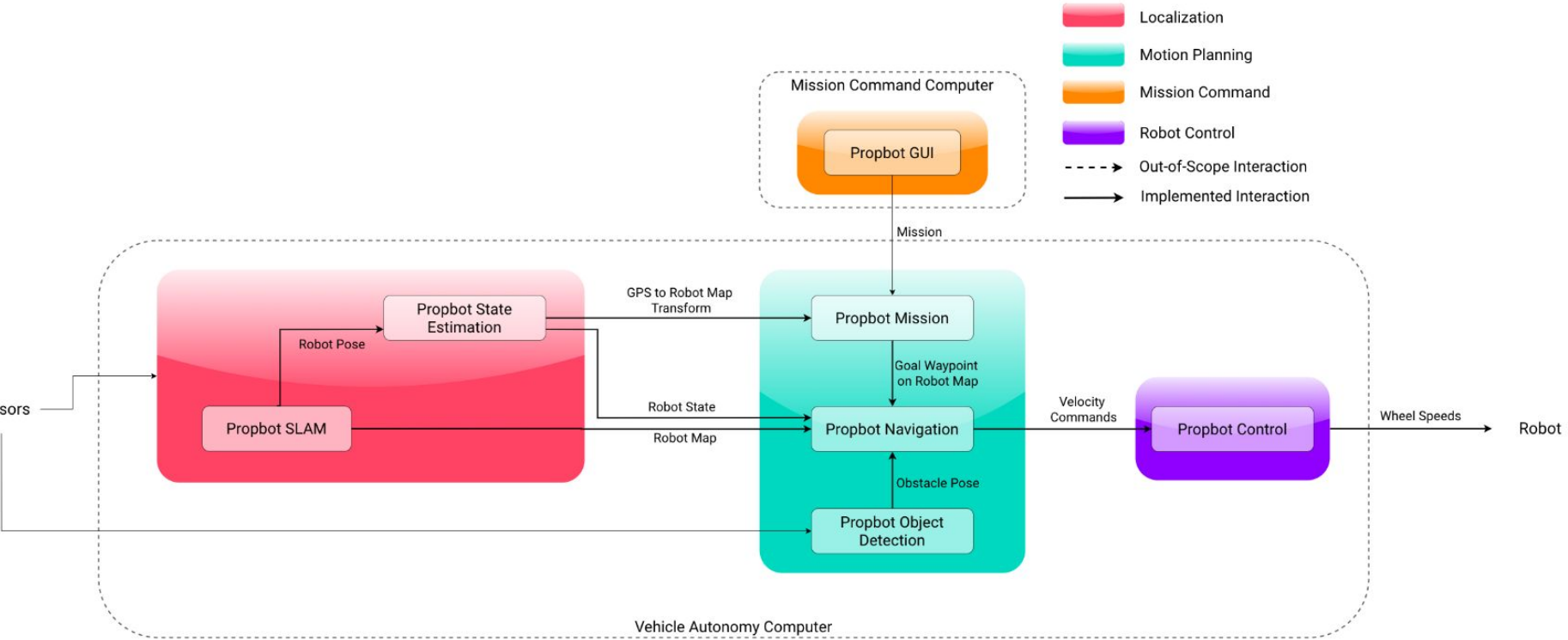
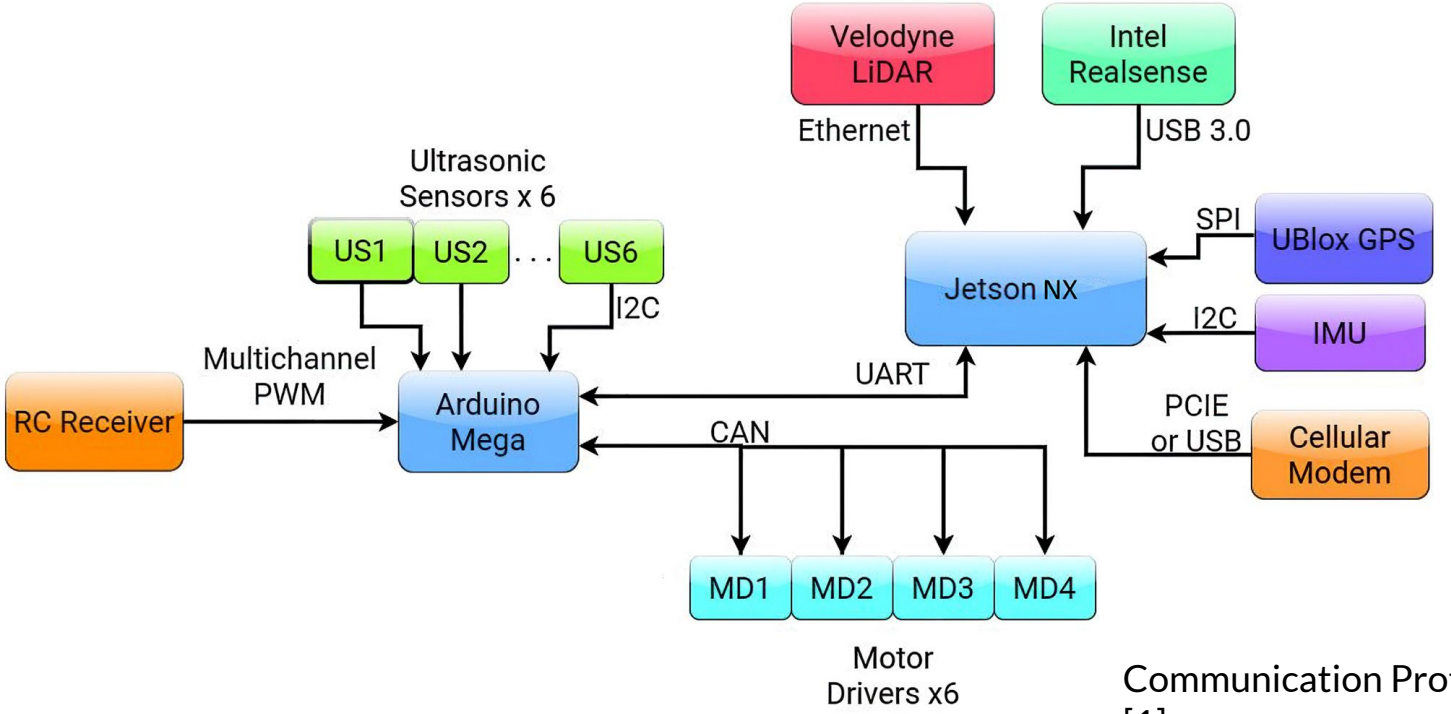


System Overview - Vehicle Autonomy



Autonomy Overview [1]

Communication Protocols



Communication Protocols [1]

Autonomy Computer - Jetson NX

```
top - 22:27:44 up  4:12,  5 users,  load average: 1.43, 0.93, 0.76
Tasks: 314 total,   1 running, 313 sleeping,   0 stopped,   0 zombie
%Cpu(s):  7.2 us,  5.0 sy,  0.0 ni, 84.6 id,  0.0 wa,  2.1 hi,  1.1 si,  0.0 st
KiB Mem :  7959996 total,  5565848 free,  1124840 used,  1269308 buff/cache
KiB Swap:  3979992 total,  3979992 free,        0 used.  6612164 avail Mem

  PID USER      PR  NI    VIRT    RES    SHR S  %CPU %MEM     TIME+ COMMAND
21968 propbot   20   0  826956  62448  18240 S  11.2  0.8   0:13.64 move_base
21890 propbot   20   0  904356  42568  18760 S  10.2  0.5   0:12.28 cartographer_no
21871 propbot   20   0  423208  19848  10064 S   5.6  0.2   0:07.38 ekf_localizatio
20546 propbot   20   0  667840  63876  10304 S   3.6  0.8   0:11.74 rosmaster
21826 propbot   20   0  365904  24936  13012 S   3.3  0.3   0:04.14 robot_state_pub
21866 propbot   20   0  423208  21964  10136 S   3.3  0.3   0:04.08 ekf_localizatio
21918 propbot   20   0  422096  19200   9488 S   3.0  0.2   0:03.58 publish_slam_po
21856 propbot   20   0 1000628 152012 107904 S   2.6  1.9   0:05.01 rgbd_odometry
21882 propbot   20   0  422284  19316   9576 S   2.6  0.2   0:03.62 navsat_transfor
21926 propbot   20   0  422096  19212   9496 S   2.6  0.2   0:03.65 publish_slam_po
21835 propbot   20   0  420660  17936   8844 S   2.3  0.2   0:02.59 twist_mux
21824 propbot   20   0  422468  19124   9916 S   2.0  0.2   0:02.57 marker_server
21910 propbot   20   0  376828  33784  14404 S   2.0  0.4   0:02.12 cartographer_oc
21939 propbot   20   0  772068  33016  12800 S   2.0  0.4   0:02.65 pointcloud_to_l
21842 propbot   20   0  346912  17828   8740 S   1.7  0.2   0:01.84 skid_steer_adju
21951 propbot   20   0  772100  30444  12724 S   1.7  0.4   0:02.14 pointcloud_to_l
21823 propbot   20   0  445920  59408   9908 S   1.3  0.7   0:02.04 python2
 5203 root     -51   0       0      0      0 S   1.0  0.0   0:38.68 sugov:0
 7454 propbot   20   0   10992   4044   3172 R   0.7  0.1   1:28.97 top

RAM 1191/7773MB (lfb 1328x4MB) SWAP 0/3887MB (cached 0MB) CPU [21%@1190,11%@1190,18%@1190,17%@1190,16%@1190,14%@1190] EMC_FREQ 0% GR3D_FREQ 0% AO@47.5C GPU@46.5C iwlwifi@43C PMIC@50C AUX@47.5C CPU@48.5C
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thermal@47.65C

[1] 1:ssh*                                                                                          "amrXps" 07:27 16-Apr-22
```
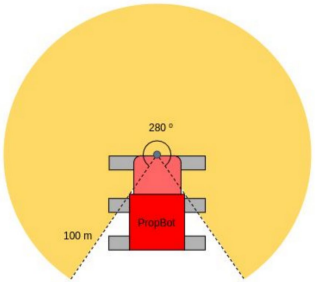
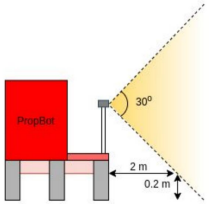

LiDAR - Velodyne Puck VLP-16

- Provides 360 degree/100m range of high quality data (600000 points/sec) necessary for performing localization and mapping of Propbot's environment
- VLP-16 is the most popular LiDAR used in mobile robotics applications and contains excellent software support
- Communicates and is powered via Ethernet



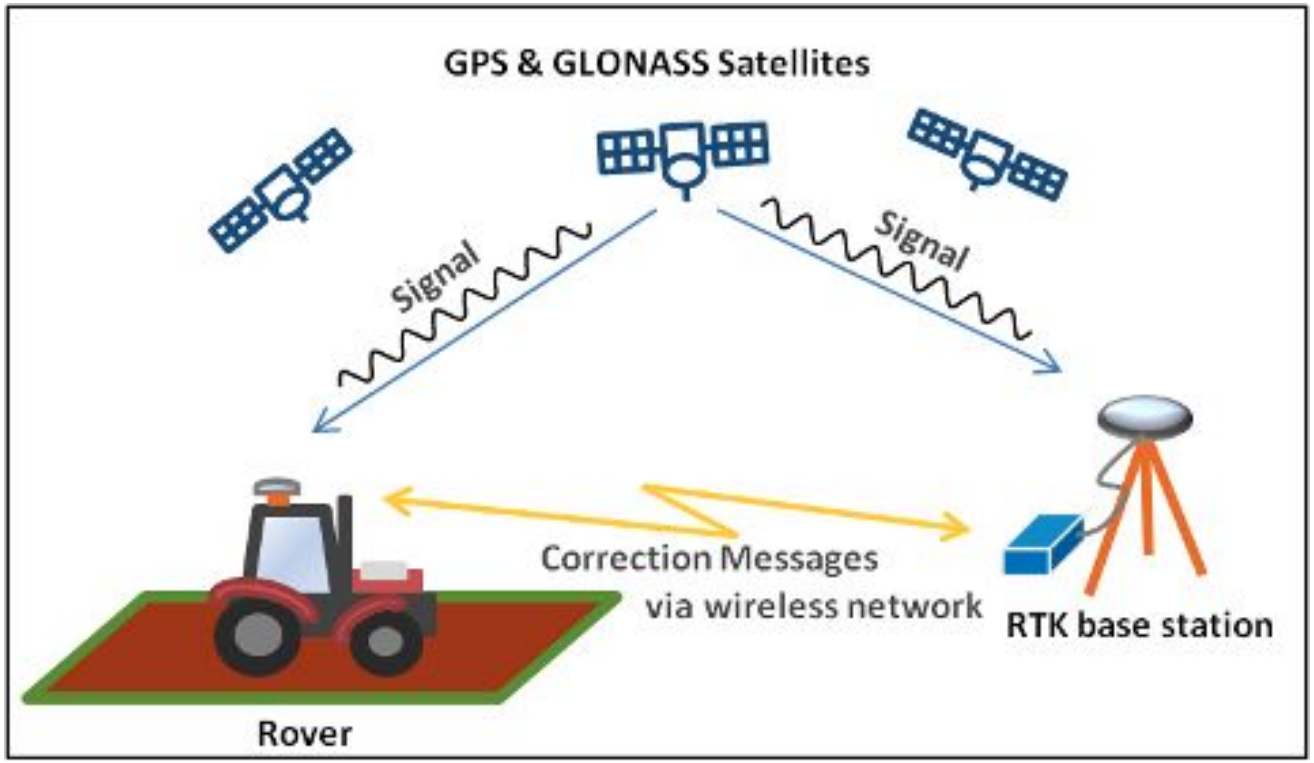


LiDAR Mapping [1]

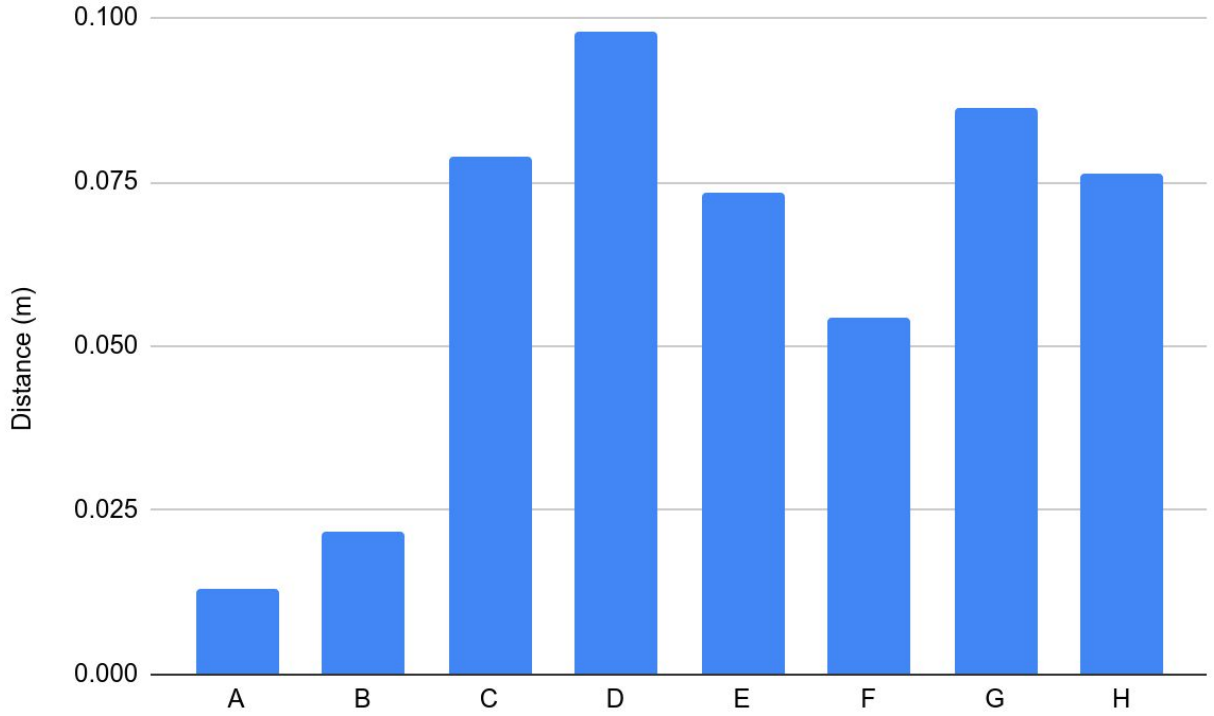
IMU - Bosch BNO055

- Provides orientation and acceleration vectors to the autonomy system
- Runs using existing ROS package based on an older version of the library, RTIMULib which is used widely in robotics community
- Calibration can be performed using the same library which stores calibration data in a file that is loaded whenever IMU is powered on

GPS – RTK System



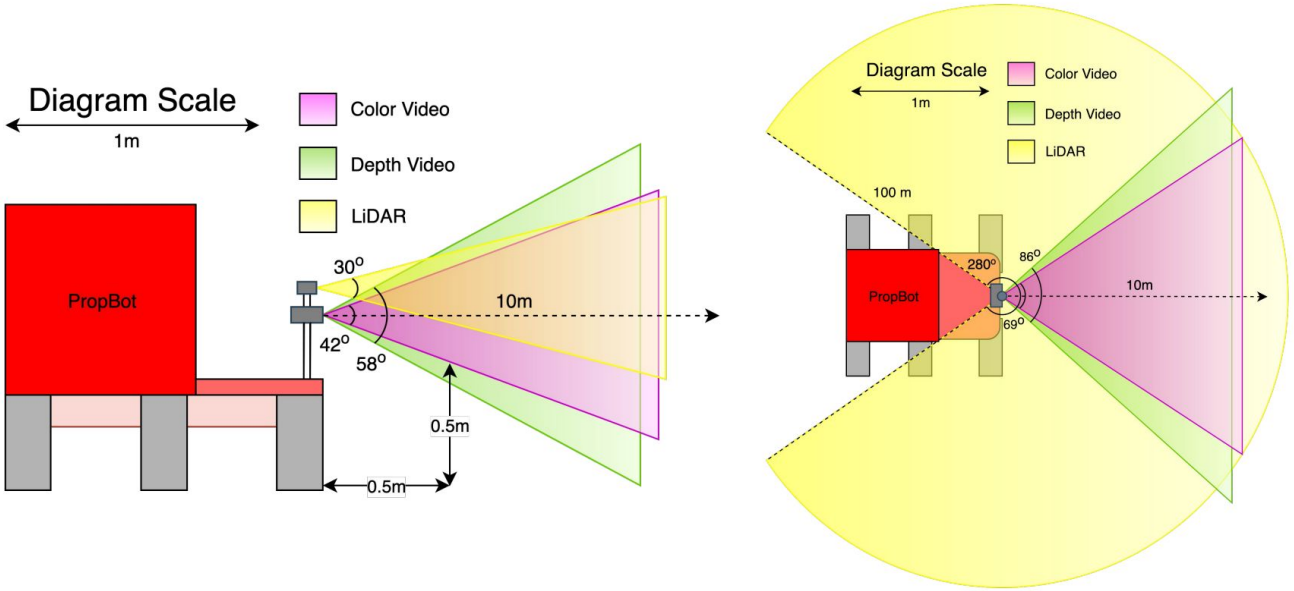
GPS - Validation



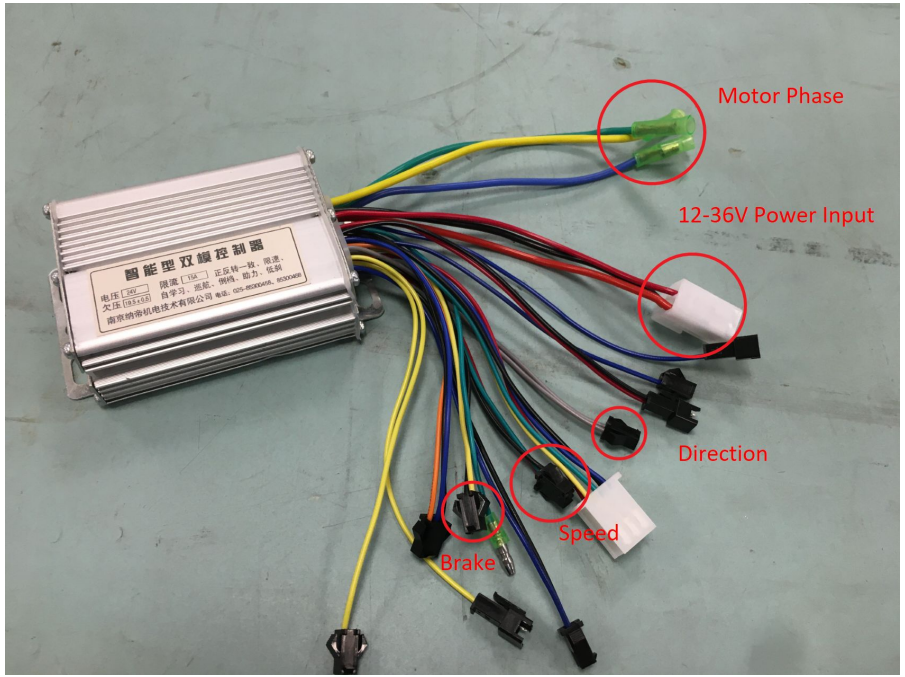
Depth Camera - Intel RealSense D435

- 2 streams
  - Depth
    - 640 x 480 , 30 fps
  - Color
    - 640 x 480, 30 fps
- Validated by running visual odometry node

Sensor Mapping



Legacy Motor Controllers

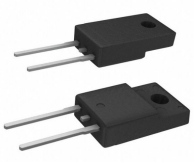


- Generic brushless DC motor controllers designed for use in DIY E-bike kits
- Variable analog voltage speed control
- Single-pin (Vcc/Gnd) direction and brake control

Roboteq Motor Controller Validation

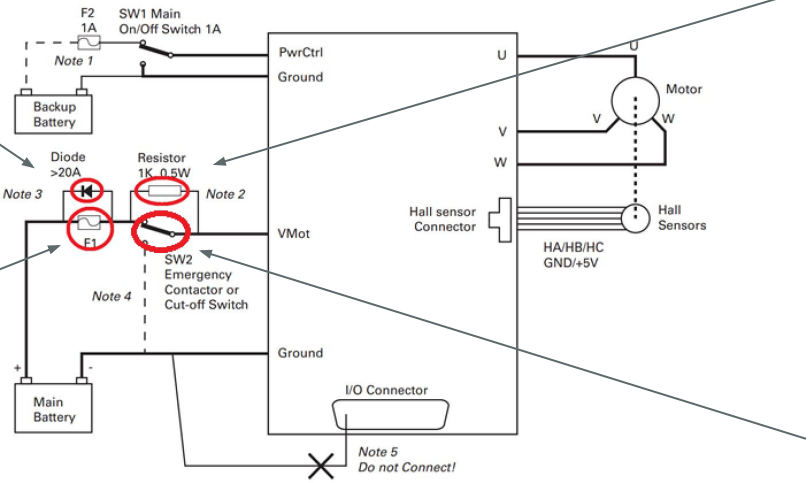
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=buo4vMj-KM8&t=1s

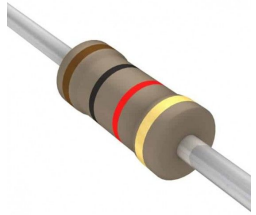
Roboteq Implementation Safety Features



Flyback Diode

Inline Fuse

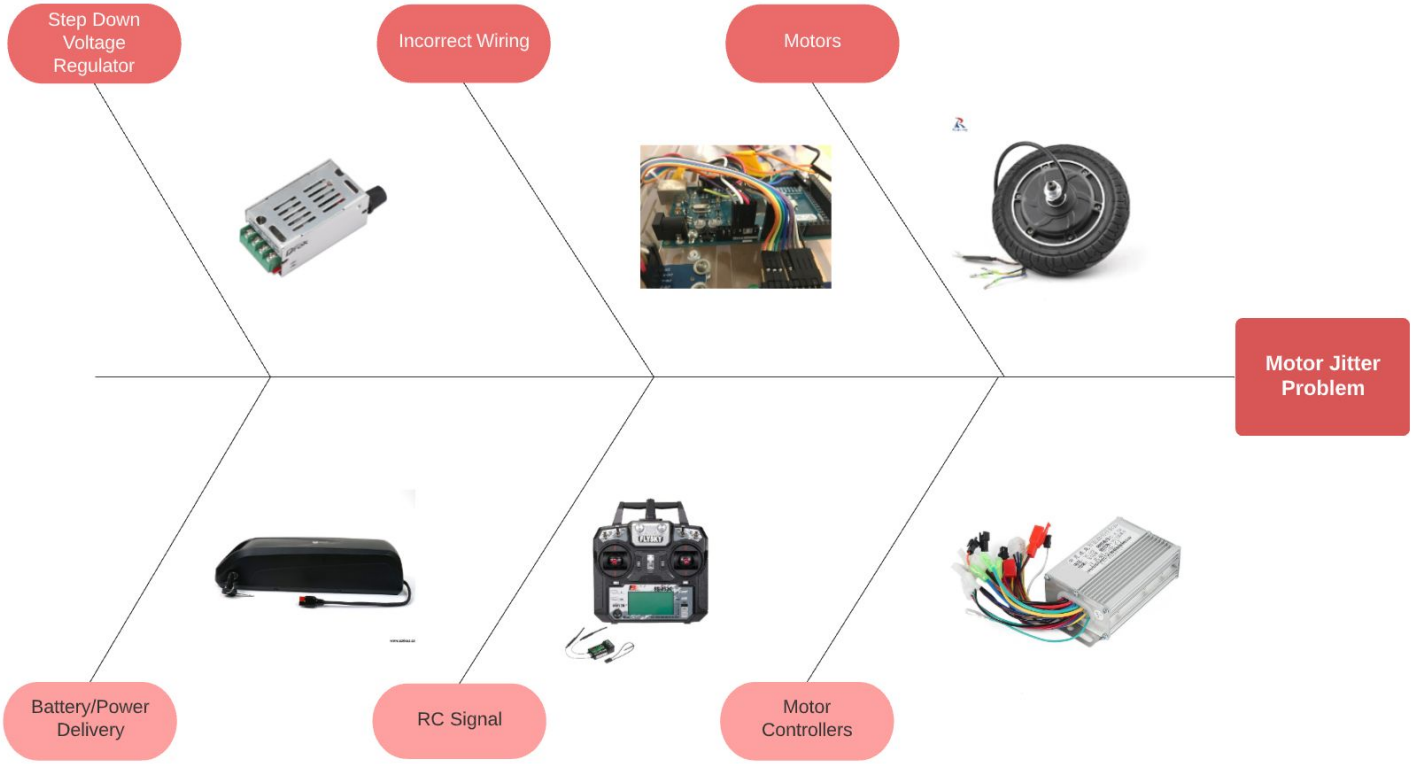




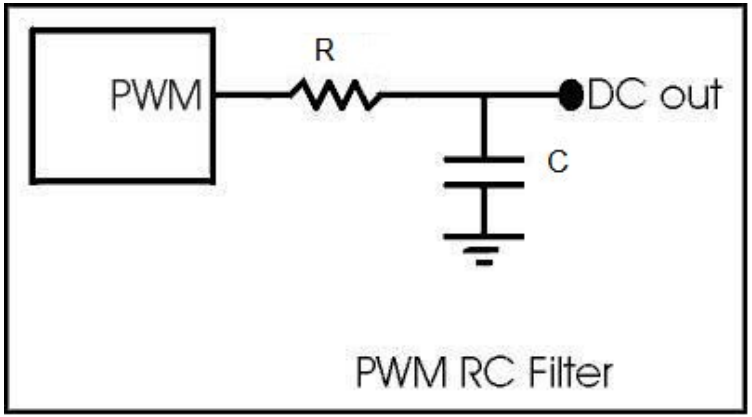
Precharge Resistor

E-Stop

Motor Jitter: Root Cause Analysis



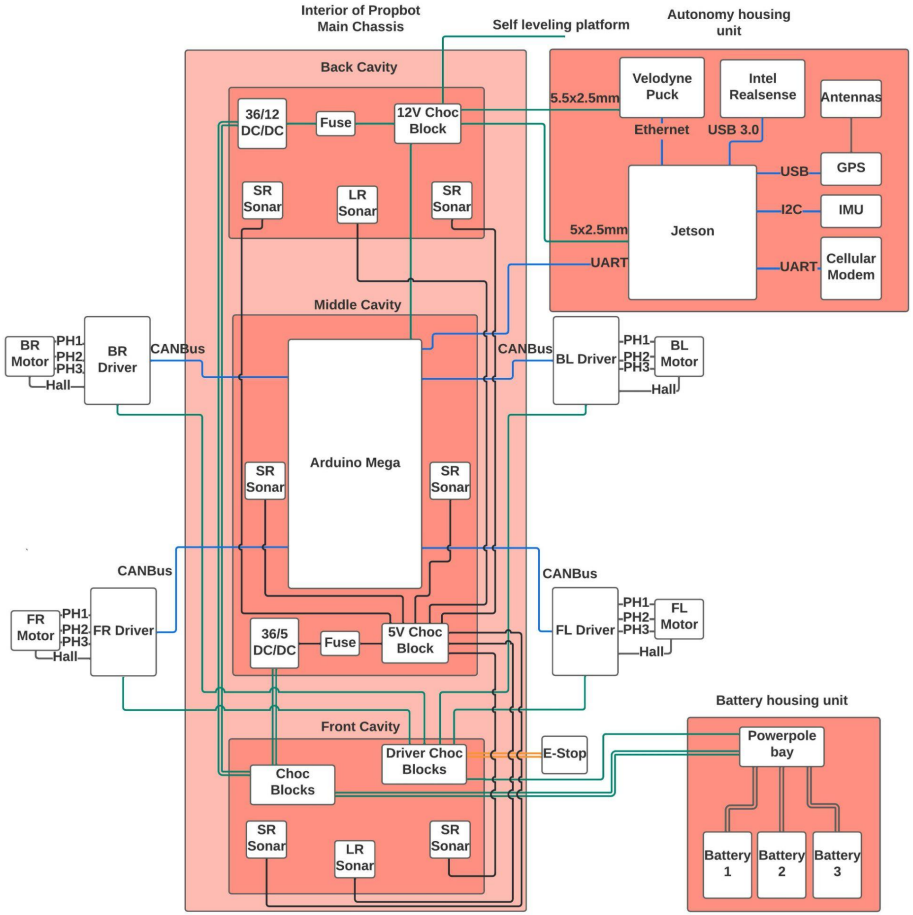
Legacy Motor Controller - RC Filter



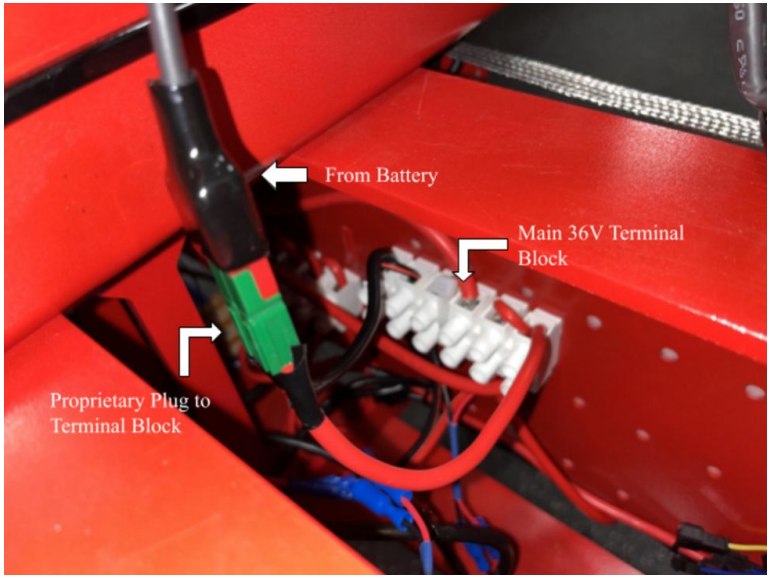
Filtered output

Unfiltered Arduino PWM Output

Power Conversion and Delivery



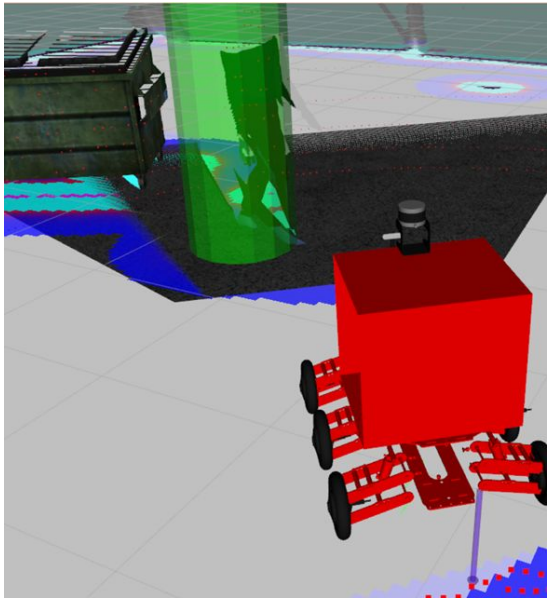
Power Conversion

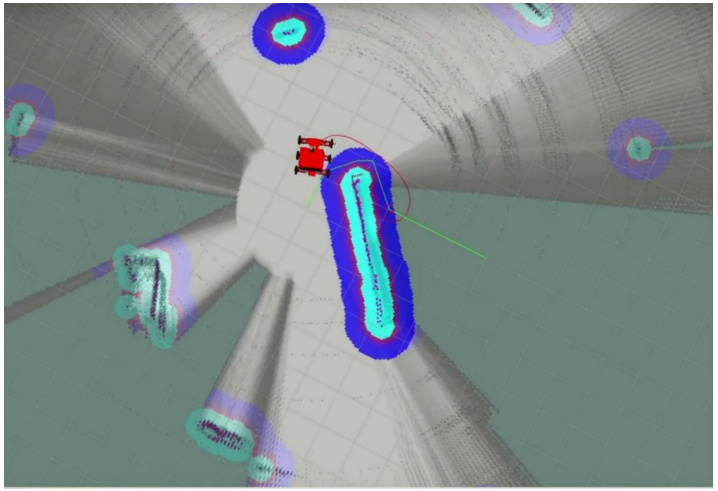


Autonomy System - Legacy

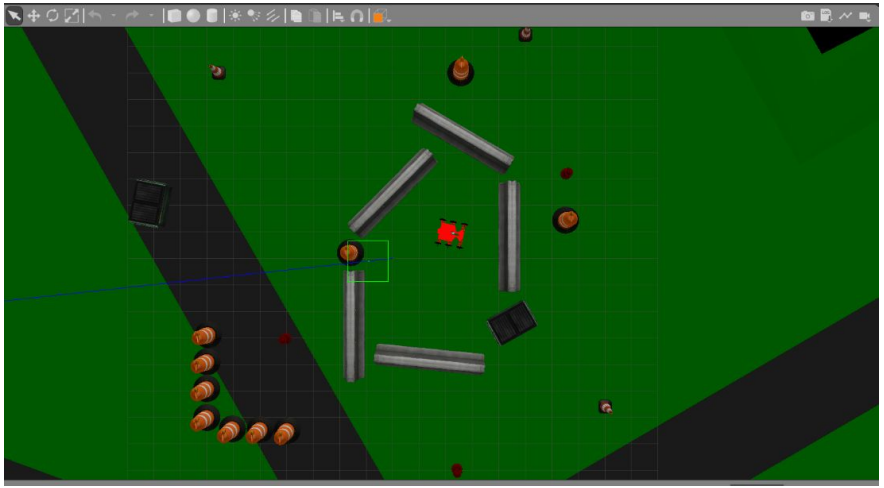
- Validation through simulation and visualization
- General Environment - not scenario specific
- Propbot control unrealistic

Simulation (ROS Gazebo)

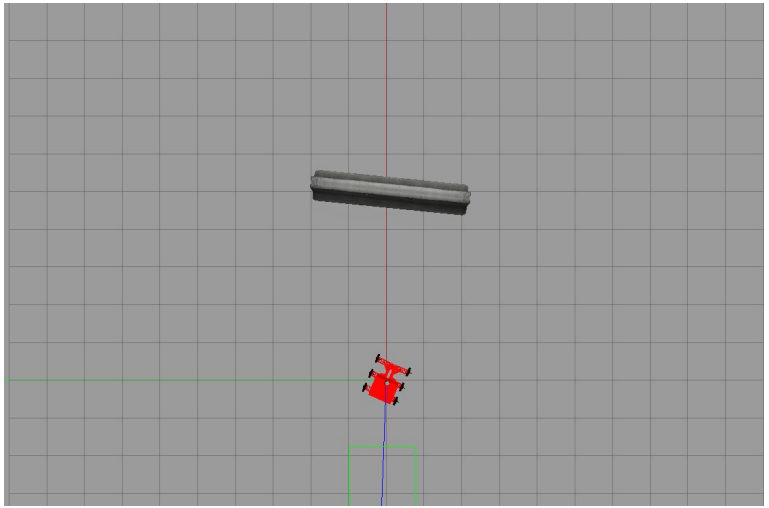




Autonomy Validation - Adding Scenarios

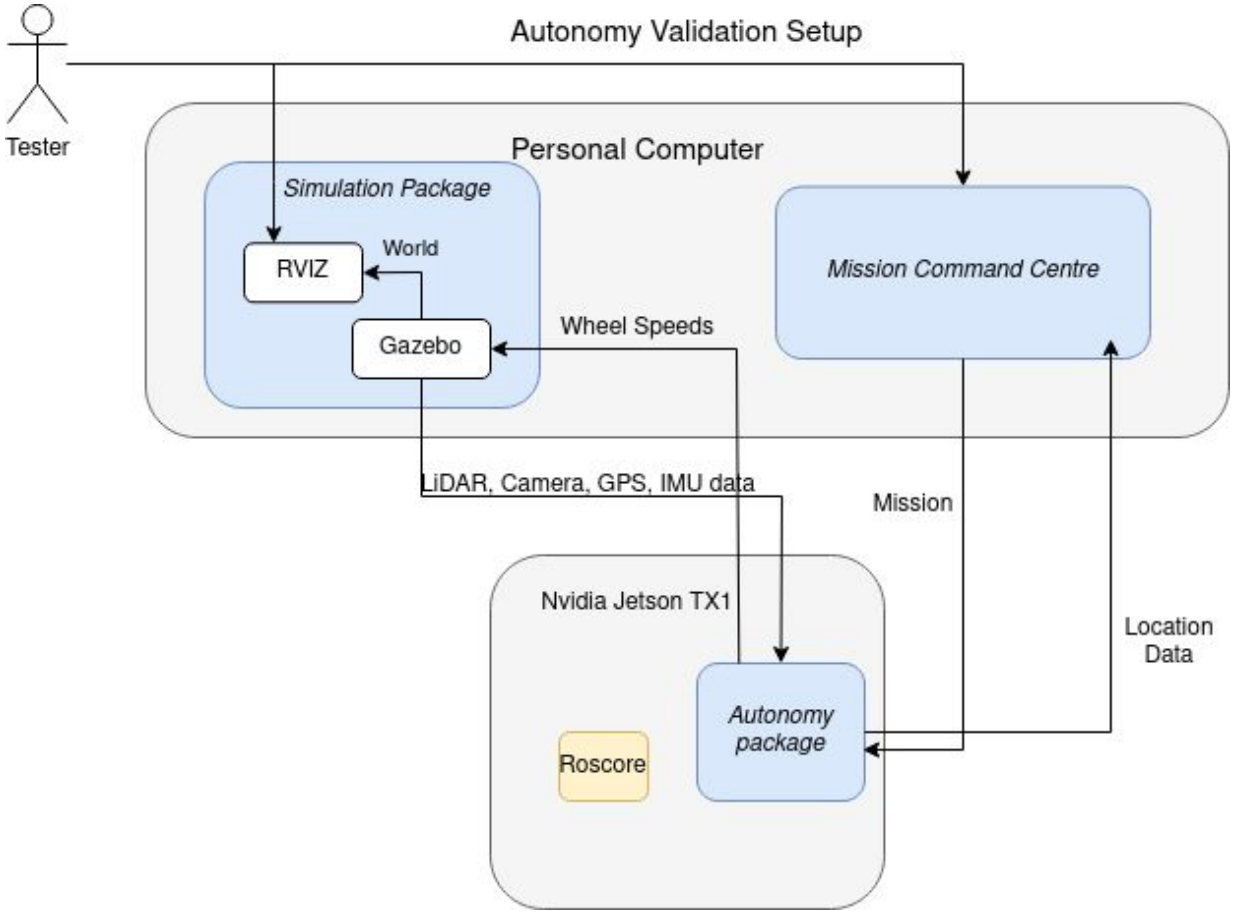


Situation specific simulations

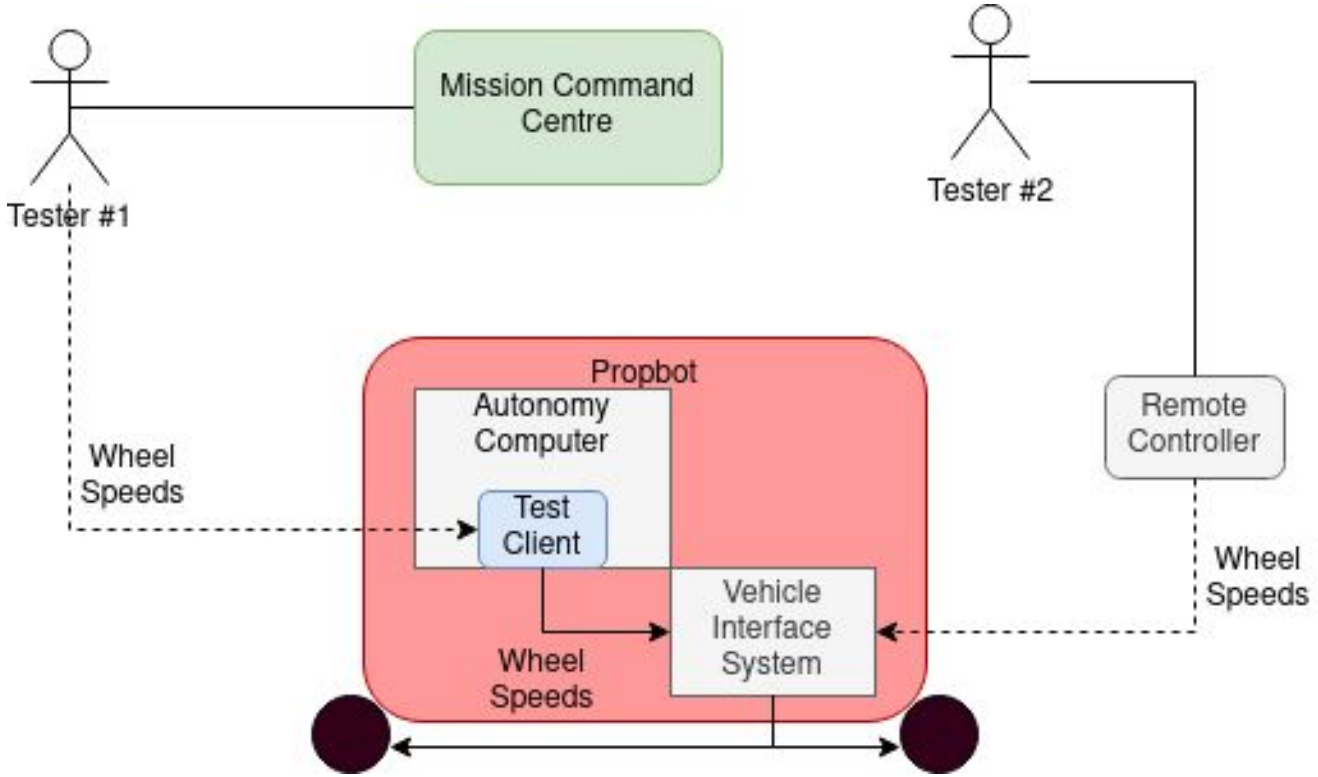


Resource-saving simulations

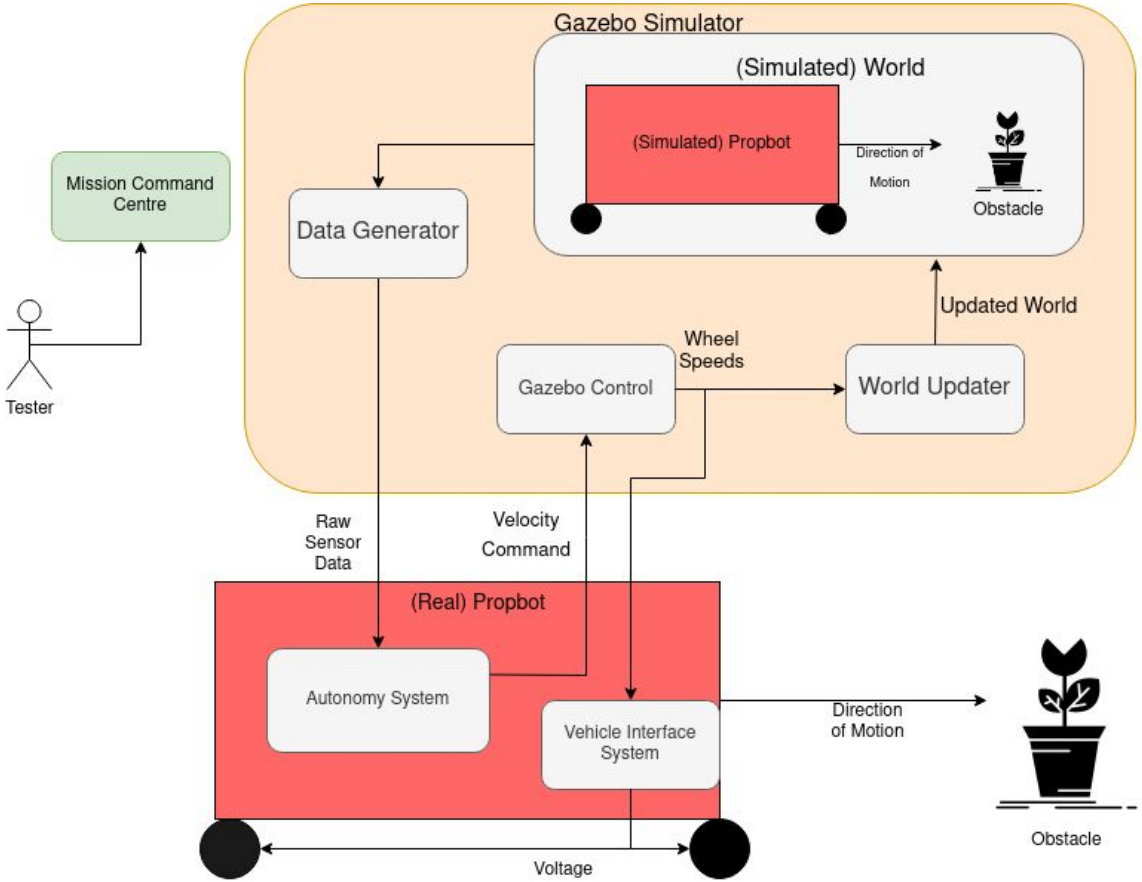
Autonomy Validation - Basic Setup



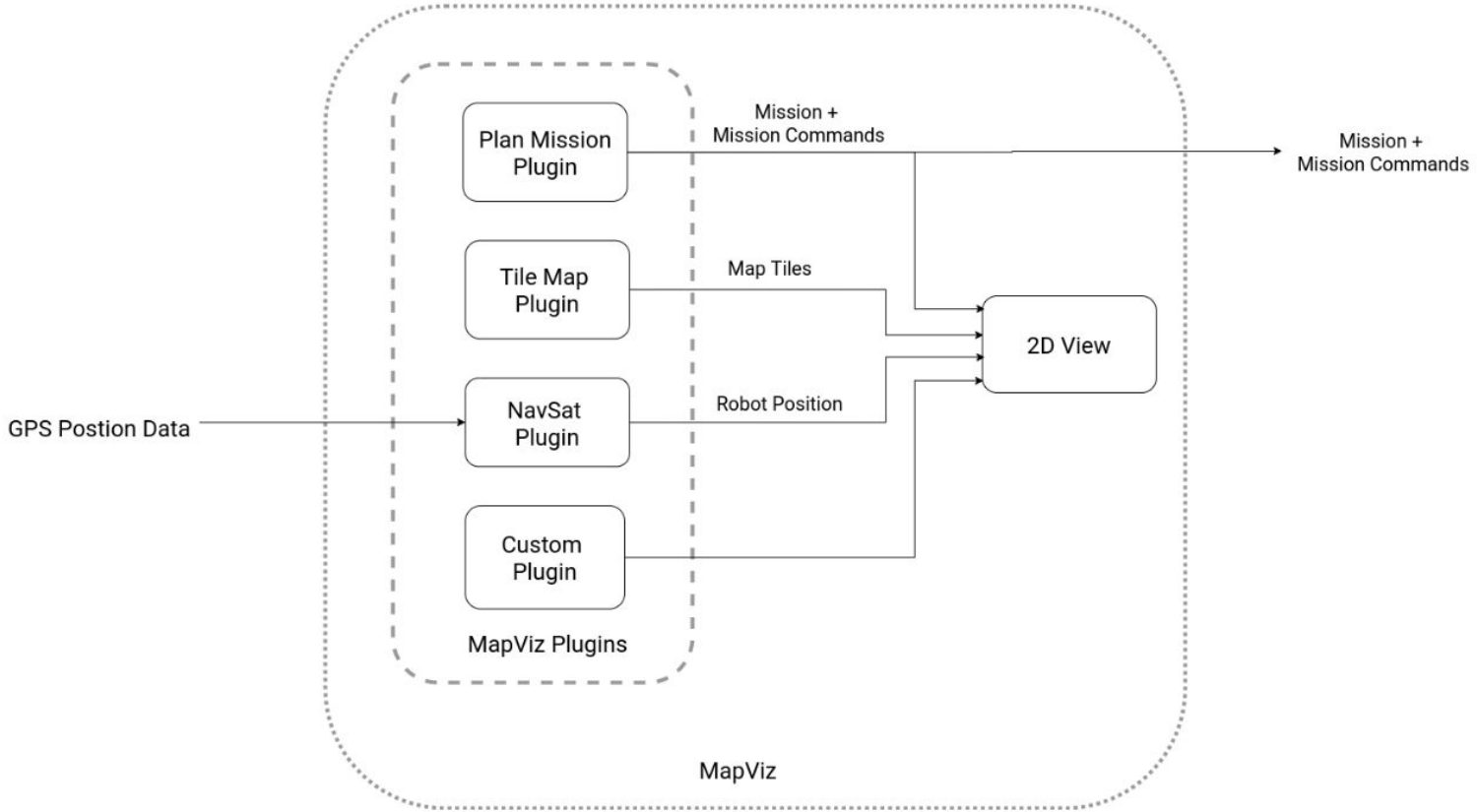
Validation Methods - Mocked Autonomy



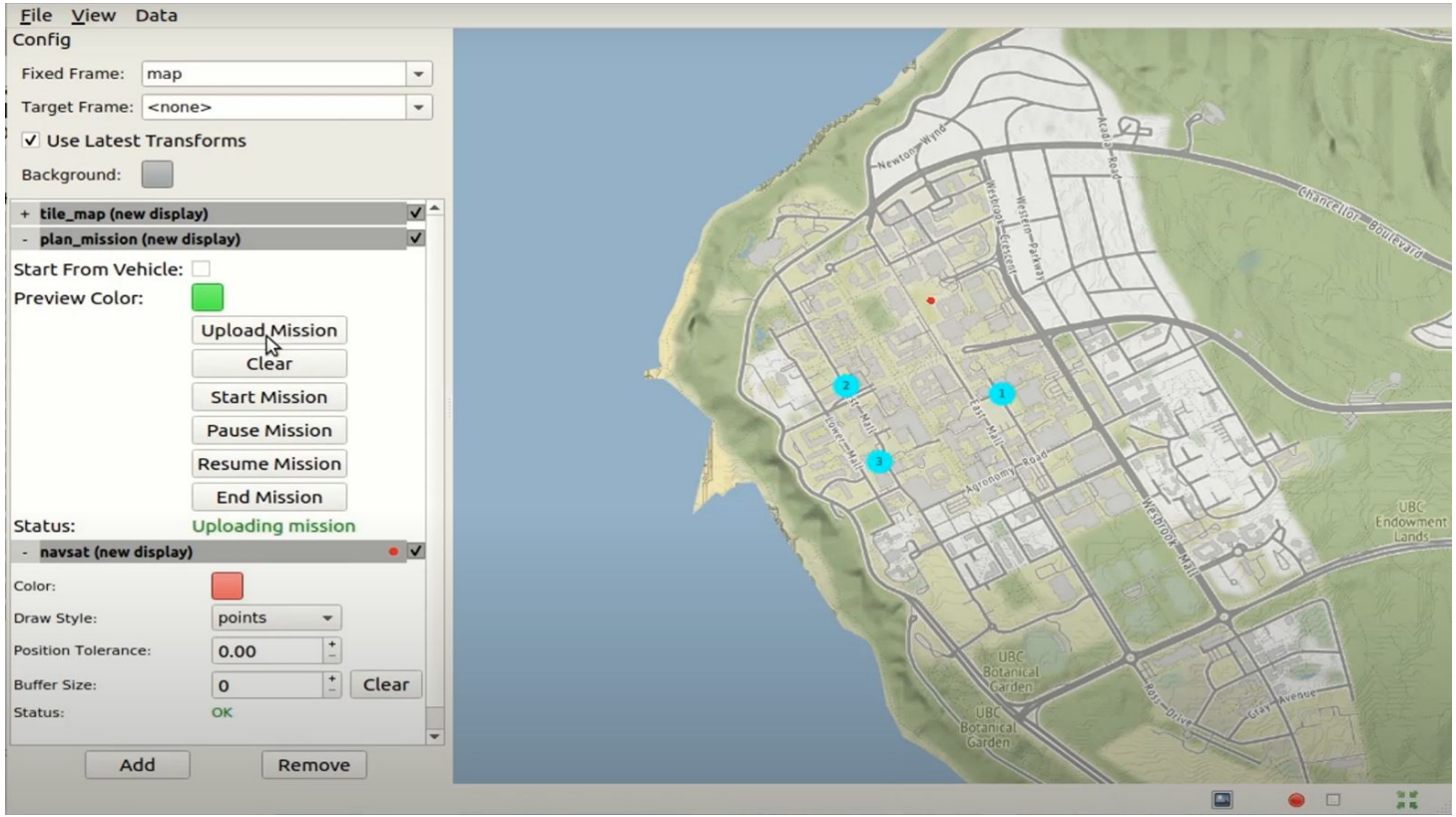
Validation Methods - Integrated Simulation



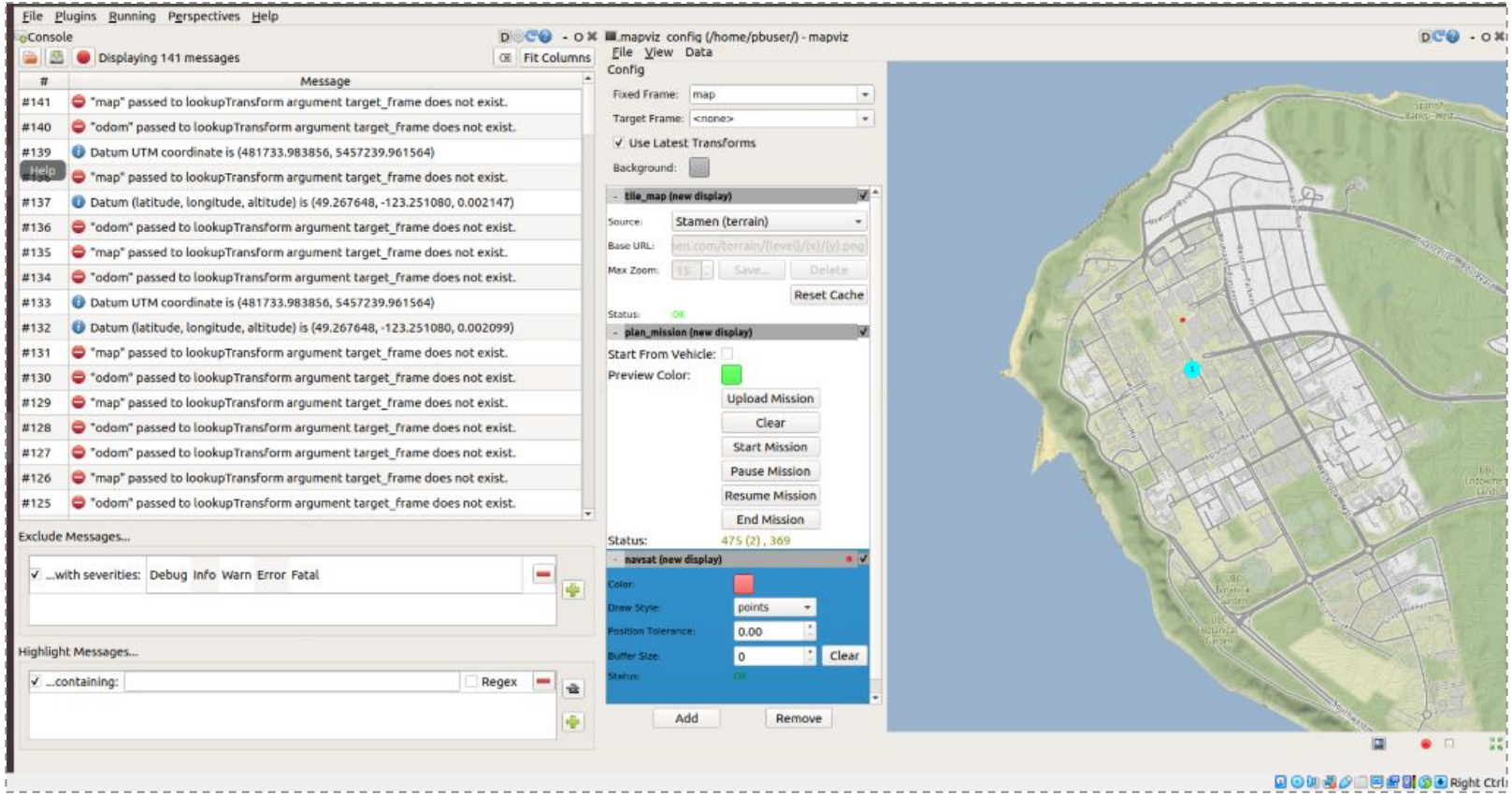
MCC (Mapviz) - Legacy Design



Mission Command Centre



Data Logging



Data Collection

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jgco001iaqM

Speed Test Validation Results

Forward Max: 4.88km/hr
Forward Min: 1.78km/hr

Backward Max: 4.59km/hr
Backward Min: 1.01km/hr